FORD & Company

**JOHANNESBURG** 

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U. S. Department of Agricultura.

SEEDSMEN

SAADHANDELAARS

SEED CONTRACTORS

TO

NOINU

GOVERNMENT

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#### PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY

P.O. Box 5701

Telegrams: "AFFORD"

'Phone 33-3526

# ORDER FORM



A. FORD & CO., Wholesale and Retail Seedsmen 29/31, Goch Street, Newtown, JOHANNESBURG

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—We give no guarantee express or implied (and none of our representatives is authorised to vary this condition in any way) as to description, quality or productiveness or as to any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we sell, and we are not in any way responsible for them or in respect of the crop or failure of the crop. All quotations are given and orders accepted only on the understanding that these conditions are agreed to.

VOORWAARDES VAN KOOP EN VERKOOP.—Ons gee geen waarborg, direk of indirek (en geen een van ons verteenwoordigers is gemagtig om die voorwaardes te verander nie) met betrekking tot deskripsie, kwaliteit of produktiwiteit, of enige ander saak omtrent die saad, bolle of plante wat ons verkoop nie. Alle kwotasies word gegee en bestellings aangeneem, slegs op die voorwaarde dat met die kondisies oorgeengestem word.

A. FORD & KIE.

Quotations subject to Market Fluctuations and goods being unsold on receipt of orders.

Please forward by

N.B.—A large proportion of our Seeds, being necessarily imported, cannot be sent by Agricultural Parcels Post.

(State if to be sent by Goods Train, Passenger Train or Post.)

Imported Seeds cannot be sent by Agricultural Post. If insufficient cash sent quantities reduced accordingly.

Address

Post Office

QUANTITY PARTICULARS PRICE & S. D.

CARRIED OVER

Add 6d. Exchange to Country Cheques. Another Order Form will be found at front of this Book. Please send Postal Orders for amounts of £1 and under.

£

QUANTITY	PARTICULARS	PRICE	£	s.	D.
	BROUGHT FORWARD				
J.				7	
			1		
	TOTAL	£			
	TOTAL	æ			

"At the head of all sciences and arts, at the head of civilisation and progress stands—not militarism, the science that kills, not commerce, the art that accumulates wealth —but Agriculture, the mother of all industry and the maintainer of human life." —(President Garfield). PLEASE KEEP THIS CATALOGUE FOR REFERENCE

#### 29/31 GOCH STREET, NEWTOWN. JOHANNESBURG.

Telegrams: " AFFORD."

Telephone:

33-3526.

Bankers: -BARCLAYS.

#### TO OUR FRIENDS:

We take pleasure in presenting to you the New Edition of Ford's Seed List-our Catalogue-and we wish to thank you at this time for your orders during the past year.

Such liberal patronage must be deserved, and we want to assure you that at all times we are most cautious to ensure the highest quality of Ford's Seeds. As in the past, your orders shall always have our most careful attention. Your requests for prompt delivery of any items required urgently shall be taken care of immediately.

We shall appreciate your valued orders, whether large or small, with the assurance that you will receive Quality Seeds and Quick Service.

Faithfully yours,

A. FORD & CO.

General Manager: E. A. HOPSON, F.R.H.S. Secretary: ALAN E. HOPSON.

Suppliers of Seed to:-The Union Agricultural Colleges.

The Government of the Union of South Africa under contract.

The Rhodesian Governments.

The Portuguese East African Government.

The South West African Government.

The Kenya Colony Government.

The Swaziland Government.

The Basutoland Government.

The Indian Government.

The Argentine Republic.

The Johannesburg and other Municipalities, Land Corporations, etc.

Exporters of Seed to:

Australia: United States of America; South America; France; India; Burma; The Bel-

gian Congo; Uganda; Portuguese East Africa; Nyasaland; Kenya; Bechuanaland, etc.

NON-WARRANTY—We take the utmost care to supply Seeds, etc., true to name and character, of good germinating strength, and genuine in every way, but owing to changeable climate influences, different modes of cultivation, and various causes over which we have no control. WE GIVE NO WARRANTY, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, growth, productiveness, or any other matter of any of the seeds, trees, plants and bulbs we send out and will not in any way be responsible for results. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are at once to be returned.

Quotations subject to Market fluctuations and goods being unsold on receipt of orders.

# A. FORD & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Seedsmen

Telegrams: "AFFORD"

P.O. Box 5701

Phone 33-3526

The cost of Seed is the smallest item of outlay in producing a crop—therefore buy the best Our Box No. 5701, Johannesburg.

## Cancelling all Previous Issues

#### BUSINESS INFORMATION

QUOTATIONS ARE WITHOUT ENGAGEMENT, but where the price is mentioned on the order, we will refer back for confirmation if an increased rate has to be charged. If we fail to do this, the goods can be returned if the price is not approved.

When we are unable to supply the exact variety ordered, we use our best judgment as to substituting other varieties. Any such substitutions are always made with a due regard to season, locality and other conditions so far as known to us.

The substituted varieties are sent for your approval, and while we hope, and feel sure you will agree to what we have done with a desire to serve your best interest, you are at liberty to send back any such goods, and we will promptly credit you with their value.

WHEN TO ORDER: Kindly place your general order as early in the Season as possible, so that when conditions are favourable, your seed will be on hand.

METHOD OF ORDERING: Name, Postal Address, Station and District, should be clearly set forth, and full forwarding instructions given, so that mistakes cannot arise. PLEASE USE OUR ORDER FORMS, which will be found at front and back of this book. Further supplies on application.

TERMS: Prices quoted are FREE ON RAILS, JOHANNESBURG, NETT CASH, or per S.A. Railways, C.O.D., or Postal C.O.D. Cash should accompany all orders unless arrangements have been made for the opening of a monthly account, in which case our terms are strictly thirty days' cash, and all railage must be paid by the purchaser. GOODS ARE TO BE SENT TO SIDINGS, PLEASE INCLUDE COST OF RAILAGE. as same must be prepaid. Customers must clearly understand that we undertake no responsibility for the safe delivery of goods which are consigned by rail to SIDINGS where there is no Station Master.

Five per cent. can be deducted on seeds priced in this book if cash is sent with order.

**NOTE.** When insufficient Cash is sent, quantities will be reduced accordingly. Any excess payments will be returned with invoice.

Amounts up to 21/- kindly send by Postal Order.

PLEASE ADD 6d. EXCHANGE TO COUNTRY CHEQUES.

GOODS BY POST: Where it is desired that goods be forwarded by post a remittance must be sent to cover postage. Our Seeds are only bought from the World's most reliable Growers and Seedsmen, and, a large proportion being necessarily Imported, cannot be sent by Agricultural Post.

#### SEEDS BY PARCEL POST

Rates of Postage for IMPORTED Seed are as follows:— Union, South West Africa and Portuguese East Africa-Up to 4 oz., 2d.; 8oz., 4d.;

1 lb., 6d. Every additional lb. or part thereof, 6d.

Rhodesia (South).—1/1 lb. or part thereof.

Rhodesia (North).—1/3 lb. or part thereof.

Bechuanaland.—1/- lb. or part thereof.

#### IMPORTED SEED CANNOT BE SENT SENT BY AGRICULTURAL POST

Rates given hereunder for AGRICULTURAL POST apply ONLY to SOUTH AFRICAN PRODUCE sent to places WITHIN THE UNION.

Not	exceeding	$1\frac{1}{4}$	lb.		•••		 	3d.
	,,	3	lb.	•••	• • • •		 	őd.
,,	,,					•••		
,,	. ,,							
		11	lb.				 	1/-

Agricultural parcels addressed to BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE (Excepting Kasane, Maun and Ghanzi):

Not exceeding	3 lb.	9		 		1/-
,, ,,	7 lb. 11 lb.		• • •	 	• • •	1/6
,, ,,	11 lb.			 		2/-

THERE IS NO AGRICULTURAL POST TO SWAZILAND, SOUTH WEST FRICA, RHODESIA or PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA.

FREE POSTAGE: Send us CASH WITH ORDER, and we will pay carriage to any address in the UNION on all SEEDS bought by the OUNCE or by the PACKET. Postage or carriage must be paid by the customer on all goods, except Seed by the ounce or packet.

POSTAGE OUTSIDE THE UNION is chargeable to the purchaser where this item is at higher rates than UNION rates.

CASH WITH ORDER. Orders for SEEDS ONLY (no discount on other items) PRICED IN THIS BOOK, when accompanied by Cash, are subject to a discount of 5%.

Nothing less than 1 oz. is sold at OUNCE rates.

Nothing less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. is sold at  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. rates.

Nothing less than ½ lb. is sold at 1 lb. rates.

#### AGENCY DEPARTMENT

We are also prepared to buy your Produce right out, or dispose of same on the MARKET to the best advantage. We will sell parcels of Produce on our Local Market on a commission of 5 per cent. Prompt settlements immediately goods are disposed of. Further details see Page 63.

# PACKET SEEDS VEGETABLE AND FLOWER

4/6 dozen. 6d. Packet. Post Free.

WHOLESALE: 30/- per gross (12 dozen), F.O.R. Johannesburg.

ORDER FORMS WILL BE FOUND AT FRONT AND BACK OF THIS BOOK.

"SEEDS THAT SUCCEED"

### TESTED FARM AND GARDEN SEEDS

Special Prices quoted for large quantities.

#### TEST YOUR SEED.

Insufficient attention is paid to the selection and testing of seed at the time of purchase. There are few things of greater importance to the farmer than good seed having as its asset purity and the power to germinate.

To test the germination capacity of seed effectively, moisten a piece of blotting paper and place it upon a plate. Then take at random from the sample of seed a hundred seeds and distribute them evenly over the damped paper. Upon this place another piece of paper, also damped, cover the test with another plate turned upside down, place in a warm room and keep damp. As a rule it will be found that ten days suffice to germinate most seeds, such as cereals, clover, peas and turnips; fourteen days for carrots, parsnips, mangels, etc., and twenty days for most grasses.

Remove the seeds as they germinate daily, and so arrive at the worth of the sample.

# PACKET SEEDS VEGETABLE AND FLOWER

4/6 dozen. 6d. Packet. Post Free.

WHOLESALE: 30/- Per Gross (12 dozen), F.O.R., Johannesburg.

#### SOUTH AFRICAN SEASONS.

Autumn commences ... ... March 21
Winter commences ... ... June 22
Spring commences ... ... September 24
Summer commences ... ... December 22

#### NAMES OF VEGETABLES IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES.

Afrikaans	English	French	Italian	German
Asperge	Asparagus	Aspersie	Sparagio -	Spargel
Bone	Beans	Haricots	Fagiuoli	Bohnen
Roode of Tuin-Beet	Beet	Betterave	Barbabietola	Rube
Kopkool	Cabbage	Chou	Cavelo Cappuccio	Kopfkohl
Geel Wortel	Carrot	Carrotte	Carota	Gelberueben
Blomkool	Cauliflower	Chou-Fleur	Cavoloflore	Blumenkohl
Seldery	Celery	Celeri	Sedano	Sellerie
Suiker Mielies	Corn	Mais	Mais	Mais

P.O. Box 5701

Tel. Add.: "AFFORD"

**Johannesburg** 

#### \_

#### NAMES OF VEGETABLES IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES-(Continued).

Afrikaans English French Italian	German
Komkommer Cucumber Concombre Cetriolo	Gurken
Eierplant Eggplant Aubergine Petronciano	Eierpflanze
Andywie Endive Chicoree Endiva	Endivien
Boerekool Kale Chou Vert Cavolo Verde	Blatterkohl
Knol Kool Kohl Rabi Chourave Cavolo Rapa	
Prei Leek Poireau Porro	Knollkohl
Clasi Tollo	Porree
Spangaelle Mil	Salad
Woton Lomone	Melone
Olare Olare	Wasser-Melone
Uio Octa	Ocher
Piotogolio Dina Cipolio	Zwiebel
Witwortel	Petersilie
Tastinaca Tastinaca	Pastinake
Poper D' Fisello	Erbsen
Damnoon D. 11.	Pfeffer
Pampoen Pumpkin Potiron Zucca	Melomen-Kurbiss
Radys Radish Radis Ravanello	Radies
Haverwortel Salsify Salsifis Sassefrica	Haferwurzel
Spinasie Spinach Epinard Spinace	Spinat
Vroege of Groen	
Pampoentjies Squash Courge Zucca	Kurbiss
Snybeet Swiss Chard Poirce Bieta	Biesskohl
Tamatie Tomato Tamate Pomo d'oro	Liebesapfel
Raap Turnip Navet Navone	Weisse-Rube

#### SOWING OF VEGETABLES.

	Sow	Distante between rows	en		het	tance ween ants.		Mature.
Asparagus		2 fe	et		$1\frac{1}{2}$	feet		September to November
Artichoke		3 fe	et		3	feet		January to February
Beans (Dwf.)	September and after	1½ fe	et		1	foot		November to Frost
Beans (Run.)		2 fe	et		2	feet		November to Frost
Beans (Brd.)	March to June	3 fe	et		1	foot		August to December
Beet	July to April	3 te	et		6	ins.		All the year
Cabbage	Monthly	$2\frac{1}{2}$ fe	et		2	feet		All the year
Carrot	July to April	1 for	ot		1	foot		All the year
Cauliflower	July to January	$2\frac{1}{2}$ .ee	et		2	feet		December to September
Celery	August to December	$2\frac{1}{2}$ fee			1	foot		December to July
Cucumber	August to December	3 fee	et		3	feet		November to Frost
Leek	Monthly	$2\frac{1}{2}$ fee	et		6	ins.		All the year
Lettuce	Monthly	1 foo			1	foot		All the year
Mealies (Green)	August to December	3 fee			1	foot		December to Frost
Onions	Monthly	1 to 1	1 feet		6	ins.		All the year
Parsley	August to March				1	foot		All the year
Parsnip	September to January	1½ fee			6	ins.		September to May
Peas	July to February	2 fee			6	ins.		All the year
Pumpkin	August to December	6 fee			6	feet		Till Frost
Radish	Monthly	1 foo			3	ins.		All the year
Rhubarb	July to September	3 fee			3	feet		September to Frost
Sweet Corn	August to January	2 fee			6	ins.		December to Frost
Spinach	Monthly	1 foc		• • • •				All the year
Turnip	Monthly	1 foc			-	ins.		All the year
Tomato	July to September			•••	3	feet		
Veg. Marrow	September to December.			***	3		• • •	December to Frost
	December .	0 166		•••	O	feet	• • •	December to Frost

#### A YERY USEFUL TABLE.

	Av. Germ.	of (	uration derm.	Av. No. Seeds		A	mt. Rqd. 100 ft. Drill	Amt. Seed Rqd. Acre			Depth of planting.
Vegetable.	old seed.	rower	in yrs.	per oz.				5 Ibs.			
Asparagus	90%		3	1,000	• • •		1 oz.			•••	1 in. 1 in.
Beans, Dwarf	90%		3	100	• • •		1 lb.	60 lbs.	• • • •	• • •	l in.
Beans, Runner	90%		3	100			½ lb.	30 lbs. 6 lbs.	•••	• • •	
Beet, Garden	95%		4	1,750	• • •		1 oz.	6 lbs. 5 lbs.	•••	• • •	- 1
Beet, Mangel	95%		4	1,200	• • •	• • • •	1 oz.	1 lb.		•••	1 in.
Borecole	85%		3	5,000	• • •		$\frac{1}{2}$ OZ.	_		•••	
Broccoli	. 80%		4	7,000	• • •		1 OZ.			• • •	1 in.
Brussels Sprouts	85%		4	6,500	•••		1 OZ.	2 ozs. 4 ozs.	• • •	•••	½ in.
Cabbage	85%		4	5,000	• • •	• • •	1 OZ.	1 oz.		• • •	½ in
Cauliflower	75%		4	8,000	• • •		½ OZ.	2 lbs.	• • • •	•••	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
Carrot	75%		3	14,000	• • •		½ OZ.	4 ozs.	•••	•••	in.
Celery	65%		3	50,000			4 OZ.	2½ lbs.	• • •	• • •	
Chicory	70%		3	25,500	• • •		½ OZ.	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{5}$ lbs.	• • •	•••	4 .
Corn, Salad	80%		3	30,000	• • •		1 oz.	12 lbs.		• • •	$\frac{1}{2}$ in. 1 in.
Corn, Sweet	85%		3	125			½ lb.	2 lbs.	• • •	• • •	1 in.
Cucumber	85%		5	1,000	• • •	• • • •	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.		• • •	***	
Egg Plant	75%		4	5,000	• • •		$\frac{1}{8}$ OZ.	4 ozs. 2 lbs.		• • •	½ in.
Endive	80%		5	13,500	• • •		l oz.		• • •	• • •	½ in.
Kale	85%		-3	7,500			½ OZ.	1 lb. 1 lb.	• • •	• • •	½ in.
Kohl Rabi	85%		3	7,000			4 OZ.	1 lb. 4 lbs.		• • •	½ in.
Leek	80%		2	8,000			$\frac{1}{2}$ OZ.		• • •	•••	in.
Lettuce	90%		6	16,000			$\frac{1}{2}$ OZ.			• • •	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
Melon, Musk	85%		5	1,200			$\frac{1}{2}$ OZ.			• • • •	l in.
Melon, Water	85%		5	225		****	1 oz.				1 in.
Mustard	85%		3	18,000			½ OZ.	1 lb.			$\frac{1}{4}$ in.
Okra	85%		1	425			2 ozs.	8 lbs.		•••	l in.
Onion	80%		2	12,500			1 oz.	4 lbs.	• • •	• • •	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
Parsnip	75%		1	2,800			$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0 5000		• • •	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
Parsley	70%		1	17,500			1 OZ.	3 lbs.	• • •	• • •	$\frac{1}{8}$ in.
Peas	90%		3	30 to 150			1 lb.	60 lbs.	• • • •		l in.
Pepper	75%		2	4,000			$\frac{1}{8}$ OZ.	2 ozs.	• • •	• • •	½ in.
Pumpkin	90%		4	125			$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	4 lbs.		• • •	1 in.
Radish	90%		4	5,000			1 oz.	10 lbs.		• • •	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
Rhubarb	75%		1	1,800			1 oz.	5 lbs.		• • •	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
Salsify	75%		1	4,500			1 oz.	8 lbs.	• • •		$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
Spinach	80%		3	3,000			1 oz.	8 lbs.		• • •	l in.
Squash	90%		4	300			$\frac{1}{2}$ OZ.	4 lbs.	• • •		1 in.
Tomato	85%		3	7,500			₹ OZ.	2 ozs.			½ in.
Turnip	90%		4	10,000	• • •		$\frac{1}{2}$ OZ.	1 lb.		• • •	1 in.

# A. FORD & CO.

South Africa's Foremost Agricultural Seedsmen

# BEANS—BOONTJIES (Imported Seeds)

DWARF FRENCH OR BUSH BEANS (Stamboontjies)-

					lb.	per lb. 10 lbs.	per lb.
Canadian Wonder Red					1/3	1/1	1/-
Long Tom		• • •			2′/-	1/9	1/8
Golden Podded Black Wax		•••	• • •		1/3	1/1	1/-
Lima Bush Burpee			• • •		1/9	1/6	1/4
Suttons Early Giant					2/-	1/9	1/8
Long Pod Wonder	• • •	• • •			2/-	1/9	1/6
Black Prince		• • •			2/-	1/9	1/6
Black Seeded Canadian Wond	der			• • •	2/-	1/9	1/6
Burpee Stringless Green Pod	l				1/-	9d.	8d.
Victory	• • •				1/3	1/1	1/-
POLE OR RUNNER BEANS	(R	ank	of	Klim	Bone)—	•	·
	`				lb.	10 lbs. per lb.	100 lbs. per lb.
Abundance Runner				•••	2/-	1/9	1/6
Everbearing Stringless Climbi	ing				1/-	9d.	8d.
Kentucky Wonder					1/6	1/3	1/-
Pole Lima		• • •			1/9	1/6	1/4
St. Fiacre Stringless Climbing	g				1/6	1/3	1/-
Scarlet Runner	•••	•••	•••	•••	1/-	9d.	6d.



#### VICTORY BEANS

# BACTERIA FOR SEED INOCULATION.

Every farmer should use our Bacteria to treat all Legumes, lucerne, beans and peas. It is the cheapest and best fertilizer known. Gives better crops, increases their food value 10 to 50% and leaves some 50 to 100 lbs. of nitrogen in the soil. Used to grow humus it is the world's best fertilizer. 5/6 per Tin sufficient for 60 lbs. of lucerne, Peas, Beans or Cowpeas, and Yetches.

#### **BROAD BEANS**

(Boer Bone)	_	
Aquadulce		
Early Long Pod		 
Early Long Pod Hangdown Long	Pod	 lb.
Broad Windsor		
Green Windsor		 1/-
Seville Long Pod		
		10d

Imported Seed Cannot be sent by Agricultural Post. Rates of Postage, see Business information-ALL THE ABOVE ARE IMPORTED BEANS.

# **BEANS—BOONTJIES** (Continued)

COLONIAL GROWN SEED.

SPECIAL PRICES QUOTED FOR LARGE QUANTITIES.



Burpee Stringless Green Pod

	lb.	10 lbs. per lb. 7d.	100 lbs. per lb. 5d.
DWARF FRENCH OR BUSH BEANS (Stamboontjies)—  AFRICANDER	9d.	8d.	6d.
POLE OR RUNNER BEANS (Rank of Klim Bone)—  Bomba, Butter, Kidney	8d.	7d.	<b>5</b> đ.
SUNDRY BEANS—  Boer, Brown Sugar Castor Oil, Cowpeas, Chinese Dolichos Haricot (Small), Horse Indhlubu, Jack, Jugo, Kaffir, Khaki Mung, Natal Yellow Seven Year, Soyas, Sword Tepary, Tick, Velvet, Kaffir Zwartbekkie	6d.	5 <b>d</b> .	4d.

COLONIAL GROWN SEED CAN BE SENT BY AGRICULTURAL POST.

Rates of Postage. See Business Information.

Special Prices quoted for Large Quantities.

# PEAS—ERTJIES

#### HIDDEN HELPERS

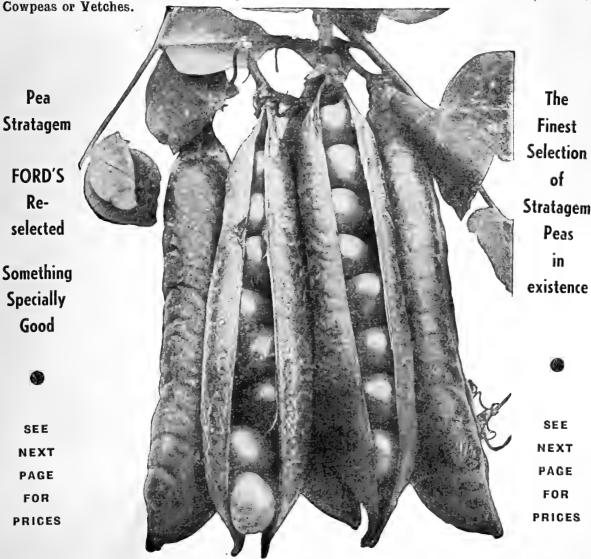
When you are clearing away Peas and Beans, do not pull up the plants, but cut them off at the soil and leave the roots in the ground.

The roots of Peas and Beans are covered with little nodules, in which live millions of tiny bacteria all engaged in changing atmospheric nitrogen into plant foods.

Leave them there to carry on the good work. Your next crop will reap the benefit.

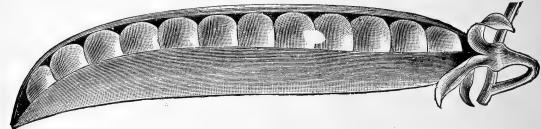
#### BACTERIA FOR SEED INOCULATION

Every farmer should use our Bacteria to treat all Legumes, lucerne, beans and peas. It is the cheapest and best fertilizer known. Gives better crops, increases their food value 10 to 50% and leaves some 50 to 100 lbs. of nitrogen in the soil. Used to grow humus it is the world's best fertilizer. 5/6 per tin sufficient for 60 lbs. of lucerne, Peas, Beans,



# PEAS—ERTJIES (Continued) (Wrinkled Varieties Marked \*)

	$rac{ ext{App}_{ ext{rox}}.}{ ext{height}}$	per lb.	10 lbs. per lb.	100 lbs per lb.
Imported Seed				
*ALDERMAN	5 2 2			
*Emperor	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9d.	8d.	6d.
•GREENFEAST	$2\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{2}$ $2$			
*STRATAGEM	2	1/-	9d.	8d.
*Telephone	5 1½	9d.	8d.	6d.
•Wiehahns Crescent True	1 2½	ซน.	ou.	



Colonial Grov	wn	P	eas	5—		Per lb.	per lb. 10 lbs.	per lb. 100 lbs.
BLACK EYE SUSAN					1			
Field				•••	1			
Fill Basket						ne.		
Marrowfat	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	}	6d.	5d.	4d.
Pride of the Market				•••	ě			
*STRATAGEM			• • •	• • •				
Yorkshire Hero		• • •		• • •	}			

Special prices for large quantities.

#### THE VEGETABLE GARDEN

- JANUARY.—Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts, Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Carrot, Cress, Celery, Maize (sweet), Bringall, Lettuce, Radish, Spinach, Marrows, Borecole, Broccoli, Kohl Rabi, Broad Beans, Scarlet Runners, Potatoes.
- FEBRUARY.—Beans (all sorts), Beet, Brussels Sprouts, Broccoli, Cabbage, Early Cauliflower, Carrot, Cress, Endive, Kohl Rabi, Lettuce, Mustard, Peas, Potatoes, Radish, Spinach, Turnip.
- MARCH.—Broad Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Savoy, Carrot, Cress, Endive, Kohl Rabi, Lettuce, Mustard, Parsley, Parsnips, Peas, Radish, Spinach, Turnip. Best month for Marrowfat Peas and Broad Beans.

APRIL.—Same as for March; also Onions for transplanting.

MAY.—Cabbage, Carrot, Cress, Leek, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion, Parsnip, Radish.

Sowing

Calendar for

Summer

Rainfall

Areas

- JUNE.—Cabbage, Carrot, Cress, Leek, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion, Parsnip,
  Radish.
- JULY.—Same as for June. Towards end of the month sow in boxes under shelter for early transplanting, Cucumber, Vegetable Marrow, Squash, Tomato. French Beans may be sown about the end of the month where late frosts will not touch them.
- AUGUST.—Artichokes, Asparagus, Beet, Beans (French), Cabbage, Carrot, Cress, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion, Peas, Radish, Rhubarb Spinach, Turnip, and Potatoes. At the end of the month make early sowing in open of Cucumber, Vegetable Marrow, Squash and Tomato.
- SEPTEMBER.—Artichokes, Asparagus, Beet, Beans (French), Cabbage, Capsicum, Carrot, Cress, Cucumber, Corn (Sweet), Bringall, Herbs, Lettuce, Mustard, Parsley, Pumpkin, Radish, Rhubarb, Spinach, Squash, Turnip, Tomato, Vegetable Marrow. With first rains plant out Cabbage and Onions.
- OCTOBER.—Sow for succession of all sorts mentioned for September; also Leek, Pumpkin.
- NOVEMBER.—Cauliflower and Brussels Sprouts, Beet, Beans, Cabbage, Capsicum, Carrot, Cress, Celery, Cucumber, Corn (Sweet), Pop Corn, Bringall, Lettuce, Herbs, Leek, Mustard, Parsley, Pumpkin, Radish, Spinach, Squash, Tomato, Vegetable Marrow.
- DECEMBER.—Main Sowings of Cauliflower and Brussels Sprouts. For succession sow Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Savoy, Carrot, Cress, Celery, Cucumber, Corn (Sweet and Pop), Bringall, Lettuce, Mustard, Radish, Spinach, Vegetable Marrow, Borecole, Brocolli and Kohl Rabi.

### ARTICHOKES—ARTISJOKKE

oz.  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. lb. Green Globe ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... 1/- 4/- 15/- Tubers per bag 123 lbs. (Colonial).—(Price on application).

## **ASPARAGUS—ASPERSIE**

Giant ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... 9d.  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb.  $\frac{5}{5}$ -Nothing less than 1 oz. sold at oz. rates.

Nothing less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. sold at  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. rates.

Nothing less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. sold at 1 lb. rates.

# PACKET SEEDS, VEGETABLE AND FLOWER 4/6 Dozen; 6d. Packet, Post Free

WHOLESALE: 30/- per gross (12 dozen), F.O.R. Johannesburg.

CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS

YOUR OWN SELECTION

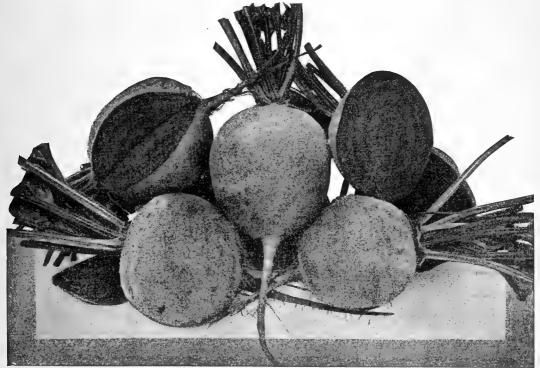
25 <sup>6d. packets for</sup>

50 6d. packets for 16/-

Nett cash with Order, Post Free to any part of the Union, P.E.A. and S.W. Africa.

# BEET-ROODE OF TUINBEET

	oz.	⅓ lb.	lb.
CRIMSON GLOBE		•	
Crosby's Improved Egyptian			
DETROIT DARK RED			
Eclipse			
Egyptian Turnip Rooted	6d.	1/-	3/6
Flat Egyptian		-/	0,0
Perpetual Spinach			
Silver or Sea Kale			
Spinach Beet or Swiss Chard			
Sugar Beet for Cattle			
FORD'S BLACK BEET	9d.	1/6	4/-
Half Sugar for Cattle	6d.	9d.	2/-



Crosby's Improved Egyptian

## BORECOLE OR SCOTCH KALE-BOEREKOOL

			oz.	¼ lb.	lb.
Green Curled	 	•••	6d.	9d.	2/-
				_	

## **BROCCOLI**—**BROCOLI**

				02.	<b>₫ 10.</b>	110.
Veitchs Self Protecting	 •••	 •••	M fo di	1/3	4/-	15/-

## - We Stock only the Best in Everything



Egg Plant-New York Purple

## BRINGAL OR EGG PLANT-EIER PLANT

oz.  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. Long Purple ..... New York Purple 1/6 5/- 18/6 Round Purple ... Black Beauty ...

## **BRUSSELS SPROUTS** -SPRUITKOOL

# CABBAGE—KOPKOOL

	OZ.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	lb.
ALL HEAD	1/3	3/6	12/6
All Seasons	9d.	2/3	7/6
AMERICAN SUREHEAD	1/3	4/-	15/-
Brunswick	9d.	2/3	7/6
Cape Spitz (Colonial)	1/3	4/-	15/-
Cattle (Robinson's Giant)	9d.	2/3	7/6
Chinese Pe Tsai	9d.	2/3	7/6
Copenhagen Market ,	1/-	2/6	8/6
Copenhagen Market American	1/3	3/6	12/6
Danish Ball Short Stem	9d.	2/3	7/6





(CABBAGE-Continued on next page)

#### CABBAGE—KOPKOOL (Confinued)



CABBAGE—AMERICAN SUREHEAD

Drumhead Early (Early Flat	oz.	1/4 lb.	lb.
Dutch)			
Drumhead Giant	9d.	2/3	7/6
Drumhead Medium		•	•
Drumhead Prize			
Drumhead Savoy			
Early Stonehead	1/3	3/6	12/6
Enfield Market	9d.	2/3	7/6
Ford's Private Stock	1/3	3/6	12/6
Glory of Enkhuizen	9d.	2/3	7/6
Glory of Enkhuizen			
(American)	1/3	3/6	12/6
Jersey Wakefield Early	9d.	2/3	7/6
MAIN CROP	1/3	3/6	12/6
Oxheart	9d.	2/3	7/6
Red Pickling	1/3	4/-	15/-
Robinsons Giant	9d.	2/3	7/6
3avoy	9d.	2/3	7/6
Spitzkop	1/3	4/-	15/-
SUGAR LOAF	1/3	4/-	15/-
Surehead (English)	9d.	2/3	7/6
Surehead (American)	1/3	4/-	15/-

## GARDEN HINTS

DON'T accept the lowest quotation for seed always-better pay a reliable firm a little more and get a good thing.

DON'T SOW SEED TOO DEEPLY. A good general rule is to sow to a depth of twice the diameter of the seed.

SEED which germinates 50 per cent, in loose light soil will probably germinate 100 per cent, in well firmed or rolled soil.

DON'T AIM AT SIZE so much in the growing of Vegetables. Quality and shape are more important, WHEN TRANSPLANTING VEGETABLES, try clipping off a portion of the top leaves. balances the root loss.

SLUGS IN YOUR GARDEN? There always will be if you don't clear away the rubbish heaps. They breed just there.

FRESH AIR is just as important to plant life as to human life. Thin out more and give the plants air at the base.

MANURE from the fowl-house and pigeon-loft is very valuable. Take care of it.

ASHES from a wood fire is one of the best potash fertilizers—but not after it has been leeched by rain.

THREE BEAN PLANTS to a foot will yield twice as many beans as a dozen plants in the same place.

YOU HAVE PLENTY OF STABLE MANURE don't WASTE MONEY on chemical fertilizers. You don't need them.

WATER RIGHT DOWN! You don't want to bring the roots up to the water, but to get the water down to the roots.

DON'T ASK YOUR NURSERYMAN FOR BIG PLANTS—far better to get Young Plants. ORNAMENTAL TREES should be planted out when about 6 inches high. A perfect root system is the result.

KEEP ROSES OUT OF SHADY CORNERS, there's mildew there.

THINK TEN YEARS AHEAD when laying out your shrubbery.

KEEP YOUR FENCES AND HEDGES in order—there are fowls and dogs waiting outside. FLOWERS OF SULPHUR dusted on Marrows and Cumumbers will keep mildew away. YOU CANNOT MAKE A GOOD LAWN without lots of work. Dig deeply and manure well.

## CALABASH OR BOTTLE GOURD

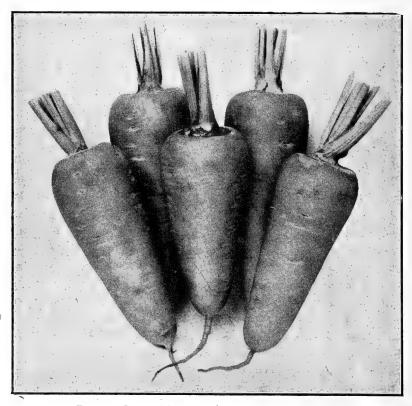
					0.7.	1/4 lb.	lb.
Ford's Calabash	• • •	 	 	 • • •	 1/-	3/-	10/6
						3/	10/0

## CAPE GOOSEBERRY-KAAP-APPELLIEFIE

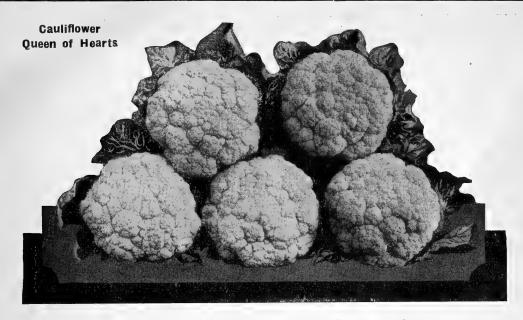
Ford's Selected ... ... ... ... ... ... 1/6 4/- 15/-

## CARROT—GELE WORTEL

Altringham Long Red	OZ.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	lb.
CHANTENAY DE LUXE OR MODEL			
Goldinheart			
James Intermediate			
NANTES HALF LONG EARLY			
Oxheart, Guerande, or Early Gem	9d.	1/3	<b>4</b> /-
Red Elephant			
Touchon Coreless			
White Belgian (Cattle)			
Yellow Belgian (Cattle)			



Carrot-Chantenay de Duxe

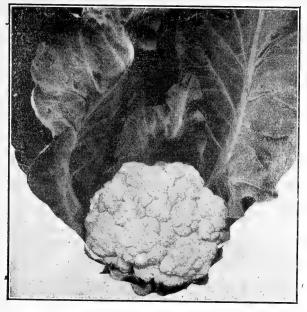


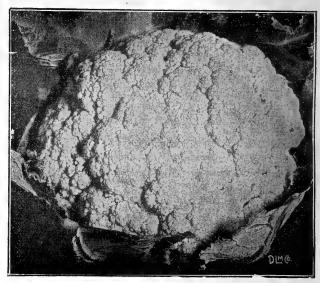
# CAULIFLOWER—BLOMKOOL

Matures			
Approximately	oz.	1/4 lb.	lb.
All the Year Round (4 months)		·	
All Seasons (4 months) City Market (4 months)	3/6	12/6	40/-
Flush of Dawn (4 months) Gilt Edge (4 to 5 months)	3/6	12/6	40/-
Italian Giant Early	1/6	5/6	20/-
Queen of Hearts (4 months) Snowball (4 to 5 months)	3/6	12/6	40/-
Southern Cross(5 months)	1/6	5/6	20/-
Veitches Autumn Gia (6 months)	1/6	5/-	18/6

# CHILI, CAPSICUM OR PEPPER-RISSIES

			OZ,	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	lb.
Builnose	 	 ]			
Long Red Capsicum (Thick at top)			1/3	4/-	15/-
Large Bell			1/0	-/	/
Long Red Cayenne (Thin)					





Selected Veitch's Autumn Giant

Cauliflower-Italian Glant

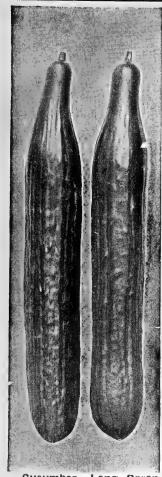
CEI ED	v	SELD	EDV
CELEK	I	-JELD	EKI

	oz.	¼ lb.	lb.
Superb White	1/-	3/6	12/6
Soup	1/-	3/-	10/6
CHICKEN L	ETTUCI		
American Tall	oz. 1/-	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. $2/6$	lb. 8/6
CHICORY -C	ICHOR	E	
Large Rooted Magdeberg	oz. 9d.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. $1/3$	lb. 3/6
CHOU MOELLIER OR	MARE		KALE
Imported	oz. 9d. 6d.	½ lb. 1/- 9 <b>d</b> .	1b. 3/- 2/-

# CORN, SWEET AMERICAN—SOET-MIELIES

#### CRESS—KERS

						OZ.	½ lb.	lb.
Curled	 	 	 	 	 	6d.	9d.	2/-
Water	 	 	 	 	 	1/3	4/-	15/-



Cucumber—Long Green Improved or London,

### CUCUMBER-KOMKOMMER

				OZ.	∦ lb.	Ih.
COOL AND CRISP						
EARLY FORTUNE						
FORDHOEK FAMOUS						
Fordhoek White Spine	** 2	,				
Fordhoek White Spine Gherkin Small Pickling			}	1/-	2/6	7/5
LONG GREEN IMPR	0 V E	D	OR			
LONDON		• • •				
WHITE SPINE	• 1 •					
West India Gherkin						

Do not grow Sweet Melons and Water Melons near Pumpkins and Cucumbers as they hybridise.

Nothing less than 1 oz. sold at oz. rates. Nothing less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. sold at  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. rates. Nothing less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. sold at 1 lb. rates.

### ENDIVE-ANDYWIE

Green Curled ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 1b.  $\frac{1}{8}$ /6

#### EGG PLANT-EIER PLANT

See BRINGAL.

## Seed Sowing

In 99 per cent. of the causes of failures experienced in raising Seed for the Home Garden, there is nothing at all wrong with the germinating power of the Seed, and the non-appearance of the plants is nearly always due to one of the following causes:—

- 1. Sowing Seed too deeply or not covering sufficiently.
- 2. Allowing the surface soil to become too dry-caked.
- 3. Omitting to provide some sort of covering during hot weather.
- 4. Sowing when the soil is too cold or too wet to permit germination.

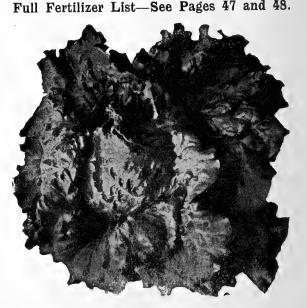
HERBS—KEUKENKRUIDE	N <sub>oz</sub> OF	KRUID	SADE
Aniseed, Basil, Chervil, Dill, Fennel, Lavender, Marjoram, Sage, Winter Savory	9d. 3/-	2/6 9/-	8/6 32/6
KALE—BOE	<b>REKOO</b>	L	
Green Curled Tall Scotch	oz. 1/- 1/- 9d. 6d. (NOL K oz. 1/-	½ lb. 2/- 2/- 1/- 9d. (OOL ½ lb. 2/3	lb. 3/6 3/6 3/- 2/- lb. 7/6
Purple, Large	1/- DRFI	2/3	7/6
Italian Giant Early	OZ.	⅓ lb.	ib.
Italian Giant Late	1/-	2/3	7/6
How can you expect good Vegetables if you Use Nitrate of	do not give f Soda.		re Meal.
2½ lbs. for          5 lbs. for          10 lbs. for          25 lbs. for          FORD'S Fertilizers Make Seeds Grow.	  Full Fertilizer	1/6 2/6 3/6 5/6 List—See Pag	es 47 and 48.

### LETTUCE—SLAAI

#### HOW TO GROW GOOD LETTUCE

Make sowings of seed about once every two or three weeks—just a pinch of seed on the rule of 'flittle and often.' In the height of summer, or with dry weather, the seedlings do not transplant very easily, and moving causes them a bad shock. Therefore, sow the seed very thinly indeed. When large enough to handle, thin out the seedlings to stand some 9 inches apart, and just leave them. This is the way to get lettuces of fine quality quickly.

In the case of tall or "cos" lettuce particularly, you need to remember that they are very thirsty subjects, and require a great deal of water if they are to grow quickly. You must remember though, that when you use the watering can very freely, the surface of the ground becomes very hard, so that every now and then it will pay to loosen it up with the hoe. To grow really good, hearty lettuce of the cos variety, wait till it is about half developed, and then, fairly loosely, tie round a piece of bast, about two-thirds of the way up.



Lettuce-Webb's Wonderful,

#### **LETTUCE**—SLAAI (Continued)



ALL THE YEAR ROUND Cabbage Drumhead Californian Cream Butter ... 9d. CHICKEN AMERICAN TALL Iceberg ⅓ lb. Malta (Drumhead) 2/6 Neapolitan ib. New York 8/6 Paris White Cos WEBBS WONDERFUL White Cos

 $\frac{1}{4}$  lb.

1/-

Lettuce-"All the Year Round"

# LINSEED (Colonial)

See CEREALS, Etc.

See SQUASH.

Cattle Marrow

#### LUCERNE

LOCENIAL		
Chinese		1/9 1/- 9d.
Special Price for Large Quantities. See Pages (All Lucerne Seed is Colonial Grown	39 and 40.	
LUPINS		lb.
Blue Field		6d. 9d.
MANGOLD WURTZEL or	MANGE 25 lbs. and over	Bag lots
MANGEL, MAMMOTH LONG RED <td< th=""><th>1/-</th><th>11<b>d</b>.</th></td<>	1/-	11 <b>d</b> .
MARROW-GROEN PAMI	POENTJI	ES

OUR ADDRESS: 29/31 Goch Street, Newtown, Johannesburg

OZ.

9d.

lb.

1/6

# MEALIES-MIELIES (Soet)

	All Varietie	es—See Se	ed Maize—Pages 34 a	nd 35.	
American Sweet Corn:-			lb.	11 lbs.	1
Country Gentleman			•••		
Stowell's Evergreen			}	7.10	
Golden Bantam			1/-	7/6	All Post
Black Mexican					Free.
BURLINGTON HYBR	RIDS (Earli	est of all)	• • •		
Bread Mealies			9d.	4/6	
Hickory King				. 1/0	}

The above are specially for Green Mealies. Maize for Farm Planting see Pages 34 and 35.

# **SWEET** MELONS SPAANSPEK



Sweet Melon-Golden

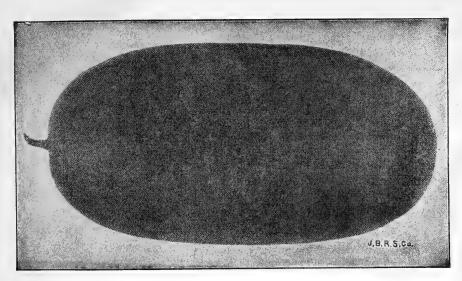
Lined Rocky Ford.	V		Maria di Maria di Maria		
				Maria Carrier	
BAY VIEW			07.	1/4 lb.	lb.
CAPE SPAANSPEK				2	
Emerald Gem					
Early Hackensack					
GOLDEN LINED ROCKY FORD	<b>)</b>				
Hanover Early					
Honey Dew (Green Flesh)			4 /	n /9	7 /0
Mixed			1/-	2/3	7/6
Montreal Nutmeg					
Netted Gem					
Osage					
Pollock 10/25		1			
Spaanspek					
Тір Тор		)			

EXCEL ... lce Cream

Kleckley (Improved) ... ...

ìb.

¼ lb.



Water Melon-Tom Watson.

# WATER MELONS -WATERLEMOENE

OZ.

Peerless Sweetheart TOM WATSON WONDER		9d.	1/6	<b>5</b> /-
Do not grow Sweet Melons a hybridise.	nd Water Melor	ns near Pumpk	ins and Cucum	nbers as they
ME	LONS—	CATTLE		
Makataan Colonial				lb. 1/6 2/- 4/-
MONKEY	NUTS-	GROUNI	D NUTS	5
	po			
MUS'	TARD—	MOSTER	D	
Fine White	•• •••	oz. 6d.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. $1/-$	lb. 2/6

# How to Sow READ CAREFULLY

Before sowing, the ground should be thoroughly dug over to a depth of at least a spade deep. Manure should then be spread to a depth of 3 or 4 inches on top and worked into the soil so that it is thoroughly mixed. Rake level and remove all stones, roots etc. The idea is to secure a good, even seed bed. When using chemical manures, or plant foods, after digging, scatter the composition to a depth of  $\frac{1}{8}$  to  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch on top of soil and work in. Now look carefully at the seed in the packet and notice its size. Draw a drill only twice the depth of the size of the seed, sow thinly, and cover over. Keep ground moist. On no account must the seed bed be allowed to become dry, until the seedlings are well up. To do so is courting disaster. Finally, to get strong, healthly, robust plants thin out to at least 6 inches or more, according to variety.

	M	I	0	N	C	_\		
V	ľ		V		J-		"	

		oz. ½ lb. lb
Ailsa Craig		1/- 3/- 10/
AUSTRALIAN BROWN		1/- 3/- 10/
Bermuda Red		1/- 2/6 9/
Bermuda Yellow		1/- 2/6 9/
Brown Rocca Giant		1/- 2/6 9/
Brown Spanish		1/- 3/- 10/
CAPE EARLY FLAT (Colonial)		···
CAPE STRAW YELLOW (Colonial)		
Copper .King		14
GIANT ROCCA BROWN		
Duinstalian		
	•••	••
Queen Early	••• ••• ••	
RED ITALIAN		••
Red Rocca Giant	••• ••• ••	2/6 9/-
Red Bermuda		
Silver King		
Silver Skin Pickling		
Small White for Pickling		
Southport White Globe		
Spring		
White Spanish		
Vellow Rormula		
Tollow Defiliate		1

GOOD SEED IS CHEAP AT A GOOD PRICE.

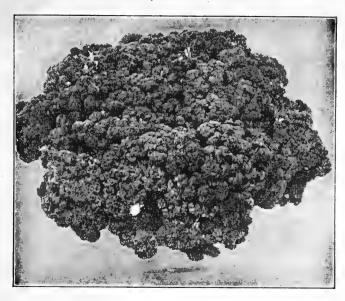
CHEAP SEED IS OFTEN DEAR AT ANY PRICE.

The finest Vegetables are produced from our Seeds.

# PACKET SEEDS, VEGETABLE AND FLOWER 4/6 Dozen; 6d. Packet, Post Free

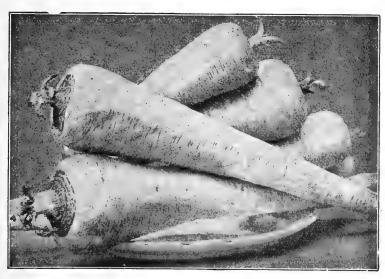
WHOLESALE: 30/- per gross (12 dozen), F.O.R. Johannesburg.

# **PARSLEY—PIETERSELIE**



Parsley-Moss Curled

MOSS CURLED ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... 6d. 1/- 3/6



Parsnip-Hollow Crown

## PARSNIP—WITWORTELS

Guernsey ... ... 6d. 1/- 2/-

FORD'S Seeds - - Once Grown - - Always Grown

#### PAW PAW

lb. ¼ ib. 7/6 25/-Ford's

### PEAS—ERTJIES

See Pages 9 and 10.

# For Good Potato Crops

A review of the methods adopted by Australian competitors in potato crop competitions over a number of years reveals the fact that trequent shallow cultivation during the early stages of growth is favoured in preference to late and deep inter-row cultivation. This has frequently proved of harmful effect in dry seasons, states a departmental in-

Harrowing when the crop is breaking ground, and even when the plants are up 8in. high, is considered of utmost importance. Experimental work has indicated that weed control is the chief necessity, and that late quep cultivation interferes too severely with

In main crop districts where planting takes place late in the year a slightly deeper planting will compensate for lack of hilling. Flat cultivation by early harrowing appears most satisfactory.

In early districts it is not advisable to plant deeply owing to the delay in germination. A slight hilling is necessary to protect the tubers, and often is advisable on account of the better drainage obtained. Hilling should be carried out at a reasonably early stage in the crop's growth, thus eliminating the possibility of root injury.

In main crop areas where long spells of dry weather are more frequent, excessive hilling results in a loss of soil moisture due to the greater surface area exposed to wind

Whilst a spacing of 27in, between the rows in main crop areas appears to be suitable as a general recommendation, in coastal areas where heavy rains and greater risk from blight occur, a wider spacing of at least 30 in. appears desirable, in order to allow of a greater circulation of air between the plants, which is helpful in reducing conditions favourable for blight development.

#### POTATOES—AARDAPPELS

#### EARLY VARIETIES

Early King.

EARLY MAINCROP VARIETIES MID SEASON

German Blue. Flourball.

MAINCROP VARIETIES

LATE

# COLONIAL SEED

Boxes, 75 lbs. ..... 14/-Bags, 150 lbs. ..... 21/-

Up-to-date

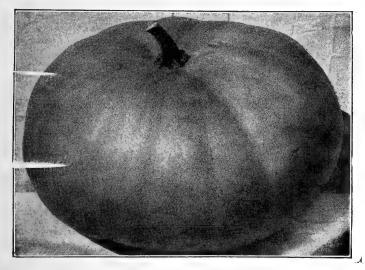
IMPORTED SEED. Available November, December, January, February.

Scotch Up-to-dates cases 66 lbs. ... ... 21/-Scotch Up-to-dates cases 100 lbs. ... 30/-

"FORD'S SEEDS

## PUMPKINS—PAMPOEN

All Dayed (Table and	0-441->		.,	OZ.	1/4 lb.	lb.
All Round (Table and	Cattle)	* * * * * .	***	6d.	1/-	2/-
*Big Tom			***,	1/6	2/6	12/6
BOER	··/, ··· ·· ·		***	9d.	1/6	3/6
BOER, IMPROVED			***	1/-	2/-	5/-
Boer, Mixed				6d.	9d.	1/3
*Cattle Mammoth				9d.	1/6	4/-
CHEESE		***	• • •	1/-	2/-	5/-
*Connecticut or Large Fi	ield			1/6	$\frac{1}{2}/6$	12/6
Crooknek				2/-	4/-	15/-
General Purposes				6d.	1/-	2/-
*Hard Yellow	420 400, 400, 40			6d.	9d.	1/-
Iron Bark (Colonial)				6d.	9d.	1/6
*IRON BARK (Mammot)	n Australian)			9d.	1/3	3/-
*JUMBO,,				9d.	1/6	4/-
*MAMMOTH CATTLE				9d.	1/6	,
Mixed, All Kinds				6d.	9d.	4/-
*Pig Pumpkin			•••	6d.	9d.	1/3
Small Sugar or Pie				1/-		1/3
Sweet Red	***	***	•••	6d.	1/6	5/-
Turke Con or Turker C	*** ***. ***. *	**. ***.	•••		1/-	2/-
Turks Cap or Turban G	oura	11	•••	1/6	3/6	12/6
* For Cattle, etc.						•



Do not grow Sweet
Melons and Water
Melons near Pumpkins and Cucumbers
as they hybridise.

Charles

Ford's Boer Improved

# Some Reasons for Growing Cattle Pumpkins

- 1. A cheap, easily-grown, Winter fodder for Cattle, Pigs and Horses.
- 2. Of good feeding value and high palatability.
- 3. A short Season Summer crop, only occupying the land for four to five months.
- 4. Excellent as a Rotation crop for cleaning up weedy ground.
- 5. The pumpkins can be stored and used as required during the Winter and Early Spring.
- 6: A change of Fodder and a good addition to Chaff, Hay or Ensilage.



Radish-Sparkler Round Red White Tipped

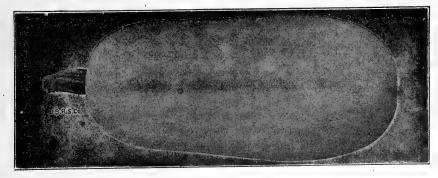
# RADISH-RADYS

				OZ.	1/4 lb.	lb.
China Rose, Winter			)			
Crimson Globe						
Early Olive Scarlet						
FRENCH BREAKFAST						
Giant Red Globe	• • •					
Half Long Scarlet						
Long Black Spanish, Winter				6d.	1/-	3/-
Long Brightest Scarlet			•••	ou.	1/-	3/-
Long White Icicle						
Mixed		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Round White						
Round Black Spanish, Winte	r					
SCARLET GEM						
Sparkler Monthly Round Red						
SPARKLER ROUND RED	MHI.	TE TIP	•	)		

# DAEELA

			r Quality	")	
In large or small Per Ib	ll quantities:— 1/9.	lbs 1/2 lb.	1/6 lb. 2 Bales (220 lbs.)	5 lbs ) 1/	1/4 lb
1. No. 1.		RAPE-	-RYP		
Broad Leaf Essex Dwarf Essex				9d. 9d.	25 lbs and over 6d. 6d.
		BARB—I (Pie-Pl	RUBARBI	:K	
Myatt's Victoria	***		oz.	ib.	lb.
Royal Albert Queen Victoria			9d.	3/-	10/-
		SESSA	ME	.1	11.
Ford's	'*** ***	•••	••• ••• •••		lb.
	SPI	NACH-	SPINASI	E 1 lb	Ib

				GZ.	4 ID.	10.
MONSTROUS VIROFLAY	 	 		6d.	9d.	1/6
New Zealand				6d.	1/-	2/6
					1/-	3/6
Spinach Beet or Swiss Chard	 	 ***	***	ou.	1/-	0/0



Squash-Long White Bush

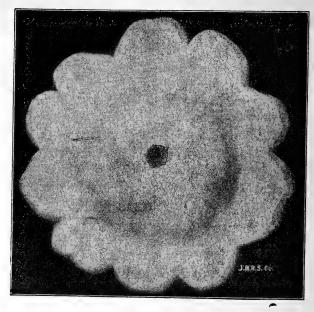
# SQUASH AND VEGETABLE MARROW VROEGE OF GROEN PAMPOENTJIES

·		OZ.	¼ lb.	lb.
Boston CUSTARD	WHITE SCALLOPED BUSH	9d.	2/-	6/6
CUSTARD Crooknek	GOLDEN SCALLOPED BUSH	1/-	3/	10/- 7/6
Delicious	(Squash conti	9d.	2/6	1/0

OUR ADDRESS: 29/31 Goch Street, Newtown, Johannesburg

SQUASH AND VEGETABLE MARROW—(Continued)

	0Z.	¼ lb.	lb.
Hubbard Golden		2/-	6/6
Hubbard Green		2/-	6/6
Long White Bush	9d.	1/6	5/-
Long Green Bush		1/6	5/-
Mixed Marrow		1/-	3/-
Cattle Marrow		1/-	1/6
Small Orange	2/-	5/-	15/-
Little Gem	2/-	5/-	15/-



Squash-Custard White Scalloped Bush

Do not grow Sweet Melons and Water Melons near Pumpkins and Cucumbers as they hybridise.

# SWISS CHARD OR PERPETUAL SPINACH

Ford's ... ...  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. lb.  $\frac{1}{3}$ /6

## SUNN HEMP

LEGUMES (see Pages 38 and 39) ... ... 6d.

# SUNFLOWER—SONNEBLOM

Grey Striped, Mixed, Large Black, Small Black,
White ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... 6d.
(Special Prices for Large Quantities).

# SWEDES OR SWEDISH TURNIPS—RUTABAGA

Bangholme Purple Top ... | Ib. | 25 lbs. and over | 112 lbs. |

Champion Purple Top ... | 1/6 | 1/3 | 1/
Turnips and Swedes are Imported Seeds | and cannot be sent by AGRICULTURAL.

Special Quotations for Large Quantities

Swedes and Turnips are grown extensively all over the world for stock. To make Sheep and Cattle farming pay, plant Ford's Selected Root Crops.

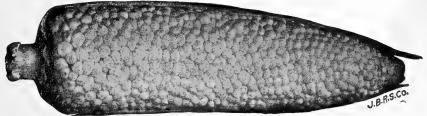
# - The Finest Vegetables are Produced from Our Seed

#### **SORGHUMS**

SORGHUMS (See Page 45).

## SWEET CORN, AMERICAN—SOET MIELIES

BURLINGTON HYBRID				ib.	10 lbs.	25 lbs.
Black Mexican		 	 			and over
COUNTRY GENTLEMAN		 	 }	9d.	8d.	7d.
Golden Bantam						
STOWELL'S EVERGREE	N .	 	 			
Bread Mealies			,,,	9d.	68	x.a
		 	 	ou.	ou.	4u.



Sweet Corn-Country Gentleman

# Tares (see VETCHES, Pages 33 & 39) TOBACCO SEED-TABAK SAAD

	oz. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. lb.
Amarello	••••
Clarkesville	
Connecticut	
Cuba	
GROOT SWAZI, HEAVY SWAZI	
Havana	
Improved Gold Leaf	0/
Joiner Light Leaf Yellow	··· } 2/- 7/6 25/-
Magaliesburg	
Piet Retief Swazi	
Sterling	***
Turkish	•••
Virginia	
White Burley	***

# PACKET SEEDS, VEGETABLE AND FLOWER 4/6 Dozen; 6d. Packet, Post Free

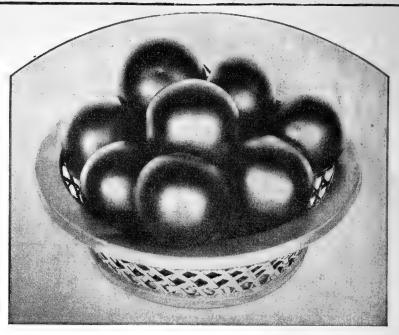
WHOLESALE: 30/- per gross (12 dozen), F.O.R. Johannesburg.

P.O. Box 5701 Tel. Add.: "AFFORD" Johannesburg

# Picking and Packing **Tomatoes**

Care should be taken when gathering tomatoes that they are not bruised, or they will decay rapidly. Tomatoes that are to travel long distances, or occupy days in transit, should be picked when they begin to colour at the bottom end, or even when they take on a light green colour.

When packing, the fruit should be graded according to size and ripeness, all in each package being as nearly alike as possible; the grading regulations in force provide for a variation of not more than one inch in the diameter of the fruits in any case.



American Beauty A very select stock, free cropper, of smooth round fruit excellent quality

The fruit will thus look better, sell better, keep better, and pack or travel better; the arrangement will be found advantageous to the buyer, and more profitable to the seller, besides establishing a reputation for the brand amongst buyers. Each package must have the contents and quality faithfully marked on the outside, so that buyers may learn to rely on the brands without wanting to overhaul the fruit.

Culls should not be marketed, but fed to pigs or destroyed as is done with other refuse

#### TOMATO—TAMATIES

DEALITY AMEDICAN		oz.	¼ lb.	lb.
BEAUTY, AMERICAN	• • • •			
Best of All			•	
Bonny Best				
Chalk's Early Jewel				
Earliana				
Ford's Private Stock				
Golden Queen	i			
Great Baltimore				1
MARGLOBE	}	2/-	6/9	25/-
Marvel of the Market		• /	•	*, *
Norton				
Perfection				
PONDEROSA		•		
Pritchard (Scarlet Topper)				
Rutgers				
Stone				
Sunrise				
Walter Richards (Improved Beauty)				



#### Turnip-American Purple Top

### TURNIP-RAAP

YOU CANNOT GET BETTER SEED AT ANY PRICE

## TURNIPS FOR CATTLE—RAAP VIR BEESTE

				25 lbs.	Bag lots
BUDDLE TOD MANAGELL			lb.	and over	112 lbs.
PURPLE TOP MAMMOTH Aberdeen Green-Top Yellow	WHITE	•••	1/-	11d.	10d.

Turnips and Swedes are Imported Seeds and cannot be sent by AGRICULTURAL POST For Large Quantities, write for Quotations.

#### VETCHES OR TARES

											lb.
Hairy (Vicia villosa)	• • •			 	 	 	 	 		 	9d.
Spring (Vicia sativa) Winter (Vicia sativa)				 	 	 	 	 		 	6d.
Winter (Vicia sativa)			:	 ,	 	 	 	 			64
Purple (Vicia atropur	pure	a) .		 	 	 			***	 ••	1/-

(Special Prices for Quantities)

See page 39.

## VEGETABLE MARROW—VROEGE

See SQUASHES.

FORD'S Seeds - - Once Grown - - Always Grown

## FORD'S SEED MEALIES—SAAD MIELIES

FORD'S SEED MAIZE is recognised as the STANDARD throughout South Africa.

Tipped and Butted and Hand Picked Seed.

WHITES:	nett weight 200 lbs. Type per bag
Anveld	Dent )
HICKORY KING	" 30/-
Potchefstroom Pearl	"   30/-
Rooi Stronk Silver King	,,
WISCONSIN WHITE DENT	,,
AMERICAN WHITE FLINT EARLY	Flint
Burlington Hybrids, Earliest of all Bread Mealies	For Prices see Pages 22 and 31.
YELLOWS:	Туре
ELLOWS:	Dent
Chester County	33
German Yellow	99
SAHARA YELLOW	,,
Yellow Horsetooth	,,
CINCINATTI BUSHMAN " BOESMAN "	Flint   30/-
Eksteen	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
PERUVIAN YELLOW	"
NATAL 8 ROW	,,
Small Boesman	"
YELLOW FLINTS EARLY	,
AMERICAN SWEET CORN: Black Mexican	
COUNTRY CENTLEMAN	For Prices see Pages 22 and 31.
Golden Bantam	TUI FILLES SEE FASES 22 AME 31.
Stowall's Evenous	
Stowell's Evergreen	

#### FOR SMALLER QUANTITIES

Half Bags are charged at half of bag rates plus 1/-. Quarter Bags are charged at quarter bag rates plus 1/6. 11 lbs. any of above varieties priced at 30/- per bag may be had post free Agricultural Post for 4/6.

Special Quotations for Large Quantities.

#### A SUITABLE ROTATION FOR MAIZE

1st Year.—Cowpeas: grazed off; made into hay; or ploughed under.

2nd Year.—Maize fertilized. (Superphosphate, 300-400 lb. per morgen.)

3rd Year.—Maize: unfertilized.

4th Year.—Teff: Sudan Grass; or Manna.

P.O. Box 5701 Tel. Add.: "AFFORD" **Johannesburg** 

## WISCONSIN WHITE DENT SEED MAIZE

**NEW CROP** 

Our seed is very well known throughout the Union, Rhodesia, Portuguese East Africa, and South West Africa. It is gathered only from specially selected cobs. The demand for this seed increases yearly.

The advantages of this variety are:—

(1) QUICK MATURING. (Can be planted up to the 15th December on the High Veld.)

(2) HEAVY YIELDING.

(3) A SMALL BUT HEAVY GRAIN, full machine bag of which weighs 240 lbs.

(4) STOCK EAT ALL THE STALKS.

(5) DROUGHT RESISTING.

30/- per bag 203 lbs. F.O.R. JOHANNESBURG.

### Maize in South Africa

Number of Kernel Rows per ear in different varieties of Maize grown at the Experiment Station, Potchefstroom, during the seasons 1926-27 and 1927-28.

Percentage of ears with row numbe	Percentage	of	ears	with	row	numbers
-----------------------------------	------------	----	------	------	-----	---------

Variety		8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22
Hickory King	 	89.3	8.9	1.8			· —		_
Potchefstroom Pearl	 	6.0	25.7	50.3	16.0	2.0			_
Ladysmith White	 	1.6	3.2	21.6	30.4	28.0	12.8	2.4	_
Wisconsin	 	3.9	14.8	51.8	24.2	4.0	1.3		
lowa Silvermine	 	3.0	16.0	35.6	29.4	12.3	3.7		_
Sahara	 	4.0	27.3	52.1	15.3	1.3			
Golden Beauty	 	5.0	20.5	46.6	24.9	1.8	1.2		
Chester County	 		_	9.1	12.1	19.0	30.3	18.2	11.4
Natal 8 Row		85.4	11.5	3.1	_			-	
Boesman	 	10.5	30.5	44.2	13.0	1.8	-		
Peruvian		7.8	37.4	45.2	7.2	2.4			_
American White Flint	 	2.0	12.3	49.1	29.9	5.7	1.0		
White Cango	 	2.7	11.3	43.3	30.7	9.3	2.7		_

### SEED MAIZE

In regard to the time of maturity, the leading varieties may be grouped as follows:—

LATE MATURING 150—170 days Ladysmith White German Yellow Yellow Horsetooth MEDIUM LATE
MATURING
130—150 days
Potchefstroom Pearl
Hickory King
Sahara
Golden Beauty
Anveld
Chester County

MEDIUM EARLY
MATURING
110—130 days
Wisconsin White
Dent
American White
Flint
Natal 8 Row
Boesman
Rooi Stronk

Cincinatti Bushman Yellow Flints

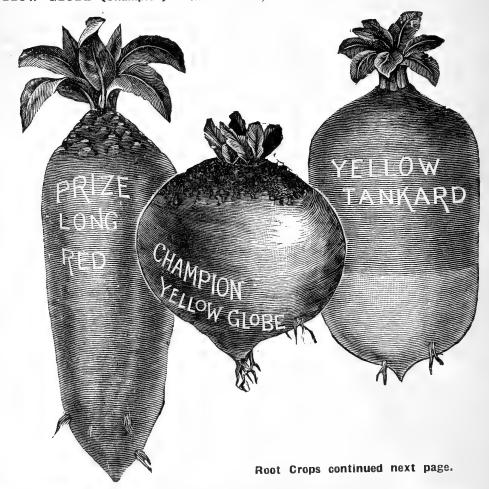
D—130 days Peruvian
consin White Bread
Dent Burlington
erican White
Flint
atal 8 Row

EARLY MATURING

90-110 days

## ROOT CROPS FOR CATTLE Prices Strictly Nett, F.O.R. Johannesburg

THOUS Sulfating Average 200	ib.	25 lbs. and over	Bag lots 112 lbs.
BEET-		0.40	0./
Sugar	3/6	2/6 1/9	2/- 1/6
Half Sugar	2/-	1/9	1/6
CARROT-			
Long Red Altringham	-,	. 0.10	0.40
White Belgian	4/-	3/9	3/6
Yellow Belgian			
MANGEL			
GOLDEN TANKARD (Yellow)			
Half Sugar	1/3	1/-	11d.
MAMMOTH LONG RED (PRIZE)	•		
YELLOW GLOBE (Champion)			



OUR ADDRESS: 29/31 Goch Street, Newtown, Johannesburg

## **ROOT CROPS FOR CATTLE (Continued)**

TURNIP		lb.	25 lbs. and over	Bag lots 112 lbs.
Aberdeen Green-Top Yellow PURPLE TOP MAMMOTH WHITE	}	1/-	11d.	10d.
SWEDE—  Bangholme Purple Top CHAMPION PURPLE TOP	•••	1/6	1/3	1/-

All above ROOT CROPS are Imported Seeds, and cannot be sent by AGRICULTURAL POST.

#### HOW TO STORE ROOT CROPS

When root crops such as beets and carrots have reached maturity it is a mistake to allow them to remain in the ground. They should be lifted and stored.

This must not be interpreted to mean that they are to be thrown in a heap in a corner of an outhouse or a cellar, as is far too frequently the case, but that they shall be properly stacked in heaps with sand, fine dry soil, or other suitable material between the layers of roots.

When root crops are thus correctly dealt with they do not shrivel, and there is no loss of quality, flavour, or nutritive value, whereas when they are simply thrown anyhow and anywhere the loss may safely put at not less than one half. The actual place of storage is not nearly as important as the manner of doing it.

#### F. Birch, Box 4, Millsite, writes 24/1/36:-

Please send me some more Purple Top Mammoth White Cattle Turnip. I hope it will turn out as well as last year. I took 700 bags weighing 115 to 125 lbs. per bag off the 4 lbs. of seed on less than two acres of land.

## IMPORTED SEED POTATOES—AARDAPPELS

Imported Scotch up-to-dates ... ... 100 lb. cases 30/-Imported Scotch up-to-dates ... ... 66 lb. cases 21/-

(This Seed is available from November to February.)

## COLONIAL SEED POTATOES—AARDAPPELS

#### EARLY VARIETIES

Early King.

EARLY MAINCROP VARIETIES
MID SEASON

German Blue Flourball.

MAINCROP VARIETIES LATE

Up-to-date.

#### **Prices:**

COLONIAL SEED

Boxes, 75 lbs. 14/-Bags, 150 lbs. 21/-

#### LEGUMES

They gather nitrogen from the atmosphere without cost to the farmer and are often aptly referred to as "soil renovators." You cannot afford to overlook them.

Farmers are rapidly awakening to the importance of growing some Legume or other. It is hardly necessary to define a Legume, but to those who are ignorant of its true defini-

tion, it might be described as a soil and animal improving crop.

A Legume, due to its capability of developing nodules containing nitrogen on its roots, improves the soil by adding that most important plant food to it. Several cases can be quoted where the inclusion of a Legume in a cropping system has resulted in a higher yield of crops following.

One of the main faults of cattle feeding in South Africa is the general scarcity of protein rich feeds. Such a deficiency could be supplied by growing a Legume. There is little doubt that in most farm practices highest profits are possible by feeding mainly home

grown feeds.

grown reeds.	107 - 1 - 1 - 4		
BEANS—	Weight	-	ig
Dolichos	200	lbs.	40/-
Jack (Sword) or	: .		
Canavalia Ensiformi	s "	,,	17/6
Kaffir, Mixed	55	"	25/-
MUNG OR MOWGLI			·
(Pea or Bean)	,,	,,	35/-
Soya Beans, Brown	93	"	35/-
Soya Beans, Yellow	99	"	35/-
Tepary v	,,	"	30/-
Velvet, Stingless		99 - 1	35/-
Velvet Somerset	,,,	"	35/-
COW PEAS-			,
Black	,,	11	40/-
Black Mouth (Uprig	ht) ,,	33	30/-
Blue Iron (Trailers)	99	13	30′/-
Brabham	;;	33	40/-
IRON (Semi Uprig		,,	30/-
Mixed	33	13	25/-
Mung or Mowgli (Pea			/
or Bean) Upright		,,	35/-
New Era (Semi-Uprig		"	30/-
SICKLER (Upright)	,,	**	30/-
SICKLER MINIATUI			Υ -,
(Upright)	11	,,	35/-
Victor	33	31	40/-
Whipporwill (Semi-	• •		/
upright)	11	13	30/-
White Wonder (Traile			30/-
All above SUBJ			
Half bags of above			
of bag rates			
9	-	-	

#### MUNG BEAN

(Phaseolus Radiatus L.)

Why you should plant the Mung Bean

- It is erect in growth and consequently can be easily mown with ordinary mower and made into hay, or ploughed under as green manure; three difficult operations in connection with the Cow Pea because of the latter's decumbent growth.
- 2. It yields better than the Cow Pea.
- 3. It is less susceptible to disease.
- 4. The hay crop matures in 100 days.
- 5. The Bean crop matures in 135 days.
- 6. It is readily eaten by cattle.
- It is very nutritious and does well as a Hay crop on dry lands.
- 8. It has a large yield.
- It is simple to cultivate. Drill in rows three feet apart and about 12 lbs. seed per acre.
- Being a legume, it increases the nitrogen content of the soil.
- It is pre-eminently a crop to be used in maize rotation.
- 12. PLANTING—Lowveld, August to December. Middleveld, October to mid. December. Highveld, October to end November.

  10 lbs. Post Paid Agricultural Post, 3/6.
- 25 lbs., 5/-; 50 lbs., 9/6; 100 lbs., 18/8; 200 lbs., 35/-, F.O.R. Johannesburg.

BACTERIA FOR SEED INOCULATION

Every farmer should use our Bacteria to treat all Legumes, lucerne, beans, and peas. It is the cheapest and best fertilizer known. Gives better crops, increases their food value 10 to 50 per cent. and leaves some 50 to 100 lbs. of nitrogen in the soil. Used to grow humus it is the world's best fertilizer. 5/6 per tin sufficient for 60 lbs. of lucerne, Peas, Beans or Cowpeas, and Vetches.

Beautify your Home with Flowers Grown in Your Own Garden

## GRASSES—GRAS SAAD ETCETERA

(Imp	orted unless st	ated to	be Color	nial)		
`		Nett		50 lbs.		Plant
		Weight		and over	Bag lots	ibs.
Coloniel	Soet Riet	bag ibs.	lb.			per acre
AMBER CANE (Colonial)		150	6d.	4d.	25/-	20
Babala (Colonial)	Pennisetum	200	0.1			(-
	Spicatum	200	3d.	1 <u>3</u> d.	25/-	6
Burnett Sheeps	Poterium					
	Sanguisorba	112	1/-	10d.	9d. lb.	40
Cocksfoot, Danish	Dactylis					
	Glomerata	112	1/3	1/2	1/- lb.	: 30
Cocksfoot Akaroa	Dactylis				•	
	Glomerata	112	2/6	2/3	2/- lb.	30
Cowgrass (Perennial) Giant	Trifolium		·	•		00
	Pratense		1/9	-		15
Fescue, New Zealand Tall	Festuca		•			10
1 000000,	Arundinacea	112	2/6	2/3	2/- lb.	30
Fescue, Meadow	Festuca		, -	-/ 0	4/- 10.	90
1 County Includes	Pratensis	112	1/6	1/3	1/- lb.	90
Herd's or Red Top	Agrostis		_, -	-/-	1/- 10.	30
11014 3 31 1104 121	Vulgaris	100	2/6	2/5	2/4 lb.	. 90
ITALIAN RYE GRASS	Lolium Italicum		-, •	2/0	2/4 10.	30
HALIAN HIL GINIS	Multiflorum	112	9d.	8d.	7 <del>1</del> d. lb	40
Kentucky Blue Grass	Poa Pratensis	112	2/6	2/4		
	Plantago		2/0	4/4	2/3 lb.	30
Lambs Tongue	Lanceolata	112	9d.	8d.	77.3 m	
t Ones English		112	2/-		7d. lb.	30
Lawn Grass English	*** *** ***	112	4/-	1/9	1/6 lb.	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. to
Brownes Evnort	Medicago					sq. yard
Lucerne, Provence, Export	Sativa	200	9d.	7.3		
Quality (Colonial)	Medicago	400	gu.	7d.	6d. lb.	20
Lucerne, Hunter River Export	-	200	4.7	100		
Quality (Colonial)	Sativa	400	1/-	10d.	9d. lb.	~ 20
Lucerne, Chinese Export Qual-	Medicago		4.40			
ity (Colonial)	Sativa		1/9	1/6	1/4 lb.	20
	Festuca	110				-
Meadow Fescue	Pratensis	112	1/6	1/3	1/- lb.	30
Mixed Permanent Meadow					,	
(Specially prepared for						
South Africa)		112	1/-	9d.	8d. lb	• 30
PASPALUM DILATATUM Col.		100	9d.	8d.	7d. lb.	
Paspalum Virgatum		100	1/-	11d.	10d. lb.	
	Lolium				-541 10	10
PERENNIAL RYE GRASS	Perenne	112	9d.	8d.	74d. lb	. 40
Phalaris Bulbosa or Tuberosa	Toowoomba				· 2u. 10	* *0
	Grass	-	12/6			o o
Plantain	Plantago	112	9d.	8d.	7d. lb.	3
	Lanceolata				ru, 10.	30

OUR ADDRESS: 29/31 Goch Street, Newtown, Johannesburg

#### **GRASSES** (Continued)

	_		-			
	Bromus	Nett Weight bag lbs.	lb.	50 lbs. and over	Bag lots	Plant lbs. per acre
Prairie	Unioloides	112	9d.	8d.	7d. lb.	
	Bromus	112	Ju.	ou.	ru. Ib.	20
Rescue	Unioloides Plantago	112	9d.	8d.	7d. lb.	20
Rib	Lanceolata	112	9d.	8d.	7d. lb.	30
RHODES	Chloris Gayana	112	2/6	2/3	2/- lb.	8 to 19
Salt Bush Creeping Semi Bac-	Atriplex Semi		-/ •	-/0	_,	0 00 20
cata (Colonial)	Baccata	100	1/-	10d.	6d. lb.	5to 10
Salt Bush Halomides (Upright)	Australian	20	2/-	1/9	1/6 lb.	1
Salt Bush, Little Old Man	Colonial	20	2/-	1/9	1/6 lb.	1
Salt Bush, Numularium (Up-	Atriplex	20	-/	1/0	1/0 10:	-
right), Old Man (Imported) Salt Bush, Numularium Up-	Numularia	100	2/6	2/3	2/- lb.	1
right Old Man (Colonial)	Atriplex	100	4.40	4 (0	4 / 11	-
	Numularia	100	1/6	1/3	1/- lb.	1
Sheeps Burnett	Poterium					
Canalarum Calaurial	Saguisorba	112	1/-	10d.	9d. lb.	40
Sorghum, Colonial	Zoetriet	150	6d.	4d.	25/-	20
	Sorghum	150	9d.	8d.	7d. lb.	20
SUDAN, Colonial	Vulgare	150	8d.	7d.	6d. lb.	20
TEFF, re-cleaned (Colonial)	Eragrostis					
Tell Ostones	Abyssinica	200	6d.	4d.	3d. lb.	10
Tall Oatgrass	Avena Elatior					
William Albert	Phleum	112	2/9	${f 2}/{f 6}$	2/3 lb.	<b>2</b> 5
Timothy	Pratense	112	1/-	11d.	9d. lb.	30
	Lolium Subulatum	112	1/3	1/2	1/- lb.	15
	Holeus Lanatus	112	1/-	10d.	9d. lb.	25
Zoetriet	Zoetriet	150	- 6d.	4d.	25/-	20

#### The Value of Grass

At one time farmers simply looked on grass as a cheap food that was provided for their benefit by Nature, and not a crop that needed manuring or care of any sort. To-day, thanks to science, such men are better informed, and know that as with arable land so with pasture, they cannot expect the best returns unless they put something there. Grass is, after all, practically the basis of all life, and it is to be looked upon as one of the most valuable foods for all kinds of live stock, not excepting the pig. Therefore, no efforts should be spared to get a good crop, one that will provide an early bite, and also last long into the autumn. Carefully-planned systems of manuring and grazing will help this object to its desired end, but haphazard use of the pastures will only rob them of nourishing verdure. It is not every farm, especially those on the hills, that is well equipped with grass lands, and thus it is up to the farmer to do the best he can to aid Nature in the provision of this natural food.

#### **GRASS MIXTURES**

A Mixture	15 lbs.	30 lbs.	100 lbs.
For dry situations, winter rains B Mixture			
For wet situations, winter rains			n# /
For dry situations, Summer rains	20/-	39/-	85/-
For wet situations, Summer rains			
Our Special Highveld Mixture			
A mixture of grasses specially selected to suit "highveld" conditions	22/6	40/-	100/-

Special Quotations for Large Quantities of any of the above.

## **Value of Deep Ploughing**

If the soil permits, deep ploughing should be practised, especially in cases where soil has been ploughed at the same depth for a number of years.

The advantages of increasing the depth of ploughing are:-

- (1) A further supply of plant food is made available;
- (2) The feeding range of the roots of plants is extended;
- (3) Moisture is conserved;
- (4) Crops in such soils can withstand drought better; and
- (5) The soil is well aerated.

In practising this method of tillage, however, care should be taken not to mix too much of the sub-soil with the upper soil, as the presence of the former in large amounts is detrimental to plant growth.

### Summer Rainfall Area

The area of summer rainfall may be divided as follows:—

Sub-tropical Belt.—A sub-tropical region extending from the sea to roughly 1,500 teet above sea level.

Lower Midlands.—Hills and plains situated above 1,500 feet, including districts like Pietermaritzburg, Eshowe, Howick, and low lying river valleys in Natal, Zululand and Swaziland.

Midlands.—From 3,000 feet to 4,500 feet above sea level. Frequently misty, and experiencing occasional severe frosts.

Highveld.—From 4,500 feet upwards, including a large part of the Transvaal, the Orange Free State, and mountainous regions of Natal and Zululand. In every division. however, altitude is not so important as climate and temperature. These are the best guides.

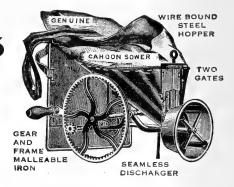
#### Seed Sowers

Cahoon Seed Sowers, for sowing Cereals, Lucerne, Rape and similar seeds	22/6
Cyclone Seed Sowers, for sowing small seeds. Each	15/-
Thompson's Wheelbarrow Grass Seeder	100/-

(Saves time and sows evenly)



15/- 22/6



## The Cyclone Seed Sower

Saves valuable seed by even distribution. Uneven seeding is wasteful. The Cyclone will sow many acres per hour, and any amount per acre. Does the work quickly; saves labour. Its well-known double feed ensures a uniform flow of seed. Slope Feed-board keeps hopper properly filled. Feed adjustment is automatic and starts or stops flow of seed instantly. Distributing wheel scatters seed evenly and throws equal amount to equal distances on each side of operator. 15/- each.

### LAWN GRASSES

	5 Bags and over Per Bag Per Bag
Bradley Roots (Colonial)	18/6 16/-
English Lawn Grass Seed 2/- lb. 10 lbs. & ov	ver <b>1/9</b> lb.
Kentucky Blue Grass (Poa Pratensis) 2/6 lb. 10 lbs. & ov	ver <b>2/4</b> lb.
(🖁 oz. per square yard)	,
Kikuyu Roots	10/6 8/6
Florida Roots	18/6 16/-
Waverley Grass	18/6 16/-

## Renovation of Lawns

Lawns which have been badly laid down at first, or neglected afterwards, may be improved by sowing 20 to 30 lbs. of Lawn Seed per acre. Before sowing, the surface of the soil must be well stirred with a strong iron rake, and afterwards top-dessed with fine soil, if possible. If the land is poor, a top-dressing of Bone Meal is desirable. After top-dressing, roll the lawn, sow the seeds, rake them over with a fine rake, and afterwards roll well both ways.

OUR LAWN GRASS SEED IS 2/- lb.

## ABUNDANT WINTER FEED

#### **BABALA GRASS**

Question and Answer extracted from the Farmer's Weekly

Please let me know the use of Babala Grass, and when is the best time to cut it; also how to feed same to dairy cows, and how can it be cured?

#### Answer

If for silage, cut when most succulent and stack or put into silo at once. If in a stack, you require a lot of it. As the stack sinks, build it up, and finally weight it with stones and/or earth. The more you weight it, the better the silage and the less the waste. Sow 20 lbs. per acre.

If for hay, cut it when the weather is fine, and keep it in cocks until dry enough to stack without heating. Your cattle can eat all the hay they like. In the form of ensilage, feed about 10 lbs. to 20 lbs. a day.

#### FORD'S RECLEANED HEAVY SEED

200 lbs. ... ... ... 25/- 100 lbs. ... ... ... 13/6 F.O.R., Johannesburg

#### AMBER CANE

(Sorghum—Soetriet.)

- (1) This is a first-class fodder plant.
- (2) Sow 20 lbs. per acre, broadcast or drills.
- (3) Yields 4 to 8 tons cured hay per morgen.
- (4) On account of its high sugar content is relished by all classes of stock. Has thick sappy stems.
- (5) If sown broadcast can be treated as hay, but dry well before putting away.
- (6) If sown in drills, place stems in stooks and leave till well cured before stacking.
- (7) Pre-eminently a silage crop, and confidently recommended.

#### SOW AMBERCANE AND HAVE AN ABUNDANCE OF WINTER FEED

Price: Bag lots, 150 lbs. ... ... ... 25/10 lbs.. Agricultural post paid 3/6

OUR ADDRESS: 29/31 Goch Street, Newtown, Johannesburg

#### **CLOVERS**

Alyske (Trifolium Hybridum) 2/- Berseem (Trifolium Alexandrinum) 2/- Bokhara Sweet (Melilotus Alba) 3/- Broad Red Clover (Trifolium Pratense) 1/9	Hubam (Melilotus) 4/- Subterranean (Trifolium Subterraneae) 2/- White Dutch (Trifolium Repens) 2/3 Wild White English (From old Pasture)	,
Chilian Red (Trifolium Pratense) $1/9$ Crimson (Trifolium Incarnatum) $2/-$	(Trifolium Repens) 12/6 Wild White (New Zealand) (Trifolium	j
Cow Gross (Perennial) (Trifolium  Pratense) 1/9	Repens) 4/6	;

BONE MEAL as a Fertilizer, 18/- per bag 203 lbs.

## **SORGHUMS** (Colonial)

AMBER CANE		Weight of bag 150	lb. 6d.	50 lbs. and over 4d.	per bag 25/-
Broom Corn			4d.	3d.	22/6
Kaffir Corn Red	•••	200		<del>-</del>	30/-
Kaffir Corn White					30/-
Kaffir Corn Dwarf Red Vinco		200	-		35/-
Sudan Imported		150	9d.	8d.	7d. lb.
SUDAN, COLONIAL		150	8d.	7d.	6d. lb.
Sorghum or Imfi		150	6d.	4d.	25/-
Sweet Sudan or Zoet Riet		150	6d.	4d.	25/-
		100	ou.	<b>∞</b> u.	20/-

#### Special Quotations for Large Quantities.

Quantity to Sow. When sown broadcast, Sorghums are usually seeded at the rate of from 20 to 30 lbs. per acre, but in drills about half that quantity should be sufficient.

## MILLETS AND MANNAS (Colonial Grown)

v	Veight 🗇		50 lbs.	•
	of bag	lb.	and over	per bag
Babala	200	3d.	13d.	25/-
Inyouti	200	2d.	13d.	22/6
Manna White Boer	200	4d.	я́d.	40′/-
Manna Red Boer	200	4d.	3d.	40′/-
Millet Grey Pearl	200	2d.	1 <del>1</del> d.	22/6
MILLET JAPANESE BARNYARD	100	3d.	$2\frac{2}{3}d$ .	24d. lb.
Millet Japanese Barnyard, Imported	112	3 <del>1</del> d .	3 <del>1</del> d.	åd. lb.
Millet Pearl, Golden, Red, White	200	4d.	3d.	45/-
Millet Proso	200	4d.	3d.	45/-

#### Special Quotations for Large Quantities.

When to Order. Kindly place your general order as early in the Season as possible,

so that when conditions are favourable, your Seed will be on hand.

All our Seed is recleaned Seed, and better Seed is worth more because you sow less and get a bigger yield.

Prices Quoted are subject to Sales and Market Fluctuations.

### CEREALS, ETC.

#### PRICES ON APPLICATION.

SEED WHEAT—	Weight per bag
Early Gluyas	TeTe e
Klein Koren	
Lalkasarwali	··· 200 lbs. nett
Red Egyptian	•••
Union 52	
SEED OATS—	,
Algerian	)
Boer	
Dun Winter	150 lbs. nett
Sidonian	
Summer	
Sunrise	•••
SEED BARLEY AND BARLEY WHEAT—	
Cape Seed Barley	150 lbs. nett
Emmer Wheat (Speltz)	150 lbs. nett
Beardless Barley Wheat	200 lbs. nett
SEED RYE—	
Cape Seed Rye	
Stooling Rye	200 lbs. nett
	•••
BUCKWHEAT—	4-4 4
Re-cleaned	150 lbs. nett
LINSEED—	
Re-cleaned	200 lbs. nett
SUNFLOWER—	
In several varieties	100 lbs. nett
(All the above and Colonial	Cwown)

(All the above are Colonial Grown)

## FORD'S VIRGINIA BUNCH SEED MONKEY NUTS

SHELLED READY FOR PLANTING
SAMPLES and QUOTATIONS on APPLICATION

ALL GOODS ARE OFFERED SUBJECT TO BEING UNSOLD ON RECEIPT OF ORDER

We handle absolutely nothing that we do not believe to be the best obtainable. Our system enables us to quote the lowest prices at which selected seed can be sold.

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AMM.-AMMONIUM SULPHATE.

NIT.-NITRATE.

SUL.—SULPHATE.

ORG.-ORGANIC.

į	•	
-	Per ton	5 0 0
1	Per 200 lbs.	-/11
	Per 100 lbs.	-/9
	Form Potash present	
	Form Nitrogen present	
	Potash	
	N.	
	ride Total	<b>8</b> 2
	Phosphoric Oxide V.S. C.S. Total	17.5
	Phosp W.S.	17.1
	Fertilizers	SUPERS, H.G. 17.1

	<b>₹</b>	00	шпс	I	メー	ΣZ	0 t O E
uo.	00	00	000	000	00	00	-000
Per ton	00	00	000	000	10	200	2000
1	10 G	7.0	00 00 1~	884	11 2	27 8 9	10 18 7
Per 200 lbs.	11/-	11/-	18/ 18/ 15/	18/- 18/- 30/-	24/- 30/-	30/-	22/- 18/- 15/-
Per 100 lbs.	-/2	-/8	9/6 9/6	9/6 9/6 16/-	13/-	9/6	12/1 12/2 8/6
Form Potash present	·	Sulphate	do.	Muriate Sulphate	Muriate	Sulphate	Sul. & Nit. Muriate Mur. & Sul.
Form Nitrogen present			Org. & Amm. do. Bone	Bone Org. & Amm. Nit.	Amm.	Bone	Amm. & Nit. Amm. Amm.
Potash		9	က္	က မ	09	48.5	တ က က
Ž.			3 8 <del>1</del> 3 8	16	21.1	4	9 20 80
ride Total	18 17.5	24 17.5	£ £ 8	17		22	10.6 15 13.8
Phosphoric Oxide	17.5	17 14.5	11 13 14.5	15.5		70	10.2 12 13.3
Phosp W.S.	17.1	01 8	9 0 9	8.5			10 9 13
Fertilizers	SUPERS, H.G. 17.1 BASIC SLAG, H.G D. O. C. T. DIJOSDIJANTE	and Super MAIZE, No. 1 STANDARD MIXTURE	. : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	POTASH POTATO NITRATE OF SODA STITUTE OF AM	MONIA MURIATE OF POTASH SULPHATE OF	BONE MEAL (S.A.)	GARDEN GARDEN GRASS No. 1 WHEAT
	< 20 €	0 0 11	т под	:>	2 L 2	z	0 T O E
L. I	•	-					

for Cane, Cotton, Vegetables, is suitable Standard Mixture PLEASE NOTE.—Special Prices for large quantities. rs, Maize, Root Crops and Wheat. Flowers, Maize,

Fertilizers are applied to the soil to increase its fertility and to put back the plant food taken from the soil by growing Experiments only can decide what fertilizers should be applied, but the following are approximate quantities necessary: crops.

Acre	33	,,	
per	33	33	33
lbs.	3.3	3.3	33
200-400 lbs. per Acre	600-700 ,, ,, ,,	500-700 ,, ,, ,,	600-800 ,, ,,
:	:	:	:
	:		:
:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:
:		:	:
:	:	:	:
faize	Tobacco	1 Roots	
Pertilizers for Grain and Maize	Lucerne and Tobacco	Potatoes and Roots	,, Vegetables
for	33	33	33
Fertilizers	3.3	***	11

larger and the grown, farms where extensive crops are quantities could be applied on fertile soils, or on fertile soils or in the case of intensive farming. The smaller quantities on less

SMALL QUANTITIES OF FERTILIZERS—SEE NEXT PAGE,

İt **Pays** New, Clean, Reliable Grow Seed

Small quantities of	f Fertilizers	supplied as	unaer :			
·			10 lbs.	25 lbs.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
Agricultural Lime			1/6	2/6	3/-	<b>4</b> /-
Basic Slag			2/-	3/6	4/6	7/-
Bone Meal			2/6	3/6	5/6	9/6
GARDEN			2/6	4/6	7/-	12/-
Muriate of Potash			4/6	6/6	10/6	17/-
Nitrate of Soda		***	3/6	5/6	9/-	16/-
Sulphate of Ammonia			2/6	4/6	7/-	13/-
Sulphate of Potash			4/6	6/6	10/6	17/-
Superphosphates			1/9	3/-	4/-	6/-
Potato		•••	9/6	3/6	5/6	9/6

## Sowing and Seeding Calendar

#### FOR FARM SEEDS

The data given below must necessarily be regarded as approximate, especially in reference to times of planting, the periods specified merely indicating the latitude that can be taken subject to weather conditions or facilities for irrigation. Figures indicate rate of seeding in pounds per acre, except where otherwise stated (two and one-ninth acres equal one morgen); b stands for broadcast, d for drills.

Artichokes (Jerusalem).—Same as potatoes (d.)

Barley (Summer).—All Provinces, November to December (80—100 b).

Barley (Winter, Irrigated).—Transvaal, O.F.S., and Natal, May to June (70-80); Cape Midlands, February to May (60-70); Western Province, May (40-50 b).

Beans (Dwarf) .- All Provinces, August to February, according to last and first appearances of frost (10-50, according to variety), drills two feet aparr

Beans (Runner).—All Provinces, October to November or seed; to December if for ploughing in (20-30, d).

Buckwheat.—Cape Midlands, November to February; Transvaal, November to January; Natal, September to February; Western Province, September to January (30, -50 b).

Chicory (Summer).—All Provinces, November to December (4—5, d).

Chicory (Winter).—All Provinces, February to April (3-4, d)

Cotton.—All Provinces, October to November (5-7, d).

Cow-Peas.—All Provinces, October to December, for seed; to January for ploughing in (30—50, b or d).

Grasses.—Kikuyu: All Provinces, during moist warm weather, cuttings set 3 ft. x 3 ft. apart. Paspalums: All Provinces, November to February (15—20, b). Sudan: All Provinces, October to January (20, b). Teff: All Provinces, October to February (6—10, b). January to February will be found the best months for sowing most grasses.

Kaffir Corn.—All Provinces, September to middle of December (5-8, d).

**Linseed.**—All Provinces, October to March (20—30, b).

Lucerne under irrigation.—Cape Midlands, September to October and January to April; other Pro-

vinces, February to April (15, d; 25, b).

Maize.—Late varieties (Natal White Horsetooth, Natal Yellow Horestooth, Ladysmith White, Hickory King, Potchefstroom Pearl, German Yellow, Sahara), September to middle of

Medium varieties (Iowa Silvermine, Chester County, White Cango, Yellow Cango, Anveld, Silver King, Wisconsin, Natal 8 Row, Early Yellow Flint, Pop Corn), September to end of December.

Early varieties (American White Flint, Peruvian, Boesman, Cincinatti, Bread Mealies, Sweet Corn, Burlington Hybrids), November to middle of January: For silage to end of January (8-20, d, according to variety).

Mangels.—All Provinces, October to December, (5-8, d).

Manna and Millet.—All Provinces, October to December (12-20, b).

Melons.—All Provinces, October to December (2-4).

Oats (Summer).—Cape Midlands, November to January; other Provinces, August to November (70-80, b).

Oats (Winter).—Western Province, April to June; other parts, February to March (50-100, b).

Oats (under Irrigation).—Cape Midlands, March to July; other Provinces, March to April.

Onions (Main Crop).—Transvaal, August to February; Western Province, March to June; Natal April to May (4-6, d)

Peanuts (Monkeynuts).--All Provinces, October to middle of December (15, shelled; 40, unshelled, d).

Peas (Main Crop).—Cape Midlands, May to July; other Provinces, February to April (60-100, d).

Potatoes (Early).—Transvaal and O.F.S., August to September; ;Cape Midlands, August to January, Natal, June to August (6—10 bags, according to size, d).

Potatoes (Main Crop).—Transvaal and O.F.S., December to January; Cape Midlands, September to November; Natal, September to December (6—10 bags, according to size, d).

Pumpkins.—Cape Midlands, September to December; other Provinces, October to December (2-5).

Rape (Winter).—Transvaal, February to April; Cape Midlands, January to March; Natal, January to February; Western Province, March to May (2, d; 8, b).

Rye (Winter).—Cape Midlands, February to April; Western Province, May to June; Transvaal and other Provinces, February to April (50—60, b).

Sunflower.—Western Province, September to December; other Provinces, October to December (7—10, d).

Sweet Potatoes (Cuttings).—November to January (rows 3 feet apart, spaced 18 inches in rows).

**Tobacco.**—Western Province, June to July; other Provinces, July to October, in seed-beds (one-sixth ounce to 20 square yards seed-bed). Transplanting: Western Province, September to October; other Provinces, October to November (one yard apart each way).

Turnips (including Swedes).—All Provinces, November to February (2-3, d).

Wheat.—Western Province, April to May (30—35, b); Cape Midlands, April to July; Transvaal, March to July (50—75, b); Eastern Free State, April to June.

BEDDING PLANTS.

Vegetable and Flower WRITE FOR LIST.

## PACKET SEEDS, VEGETABLE AND FLOWER

4/6 dozen.

6d. Packet.

Post Free.

WHOLESALE 30/- per gross (12 dozen), F.O.R. Johannesburg

We Stock only the Best in Everything

### CHINCHERINCHEE

#### FOR FRIENDS OVERSEA

A Box containing approximately 100 Flowers, in Bud, delivered post	
free to any address in the British Isles	7/6
Double size Boxes, do	12/6
Extra Postage for Continent, America or Australia, Ordinary Size Boxes	3/-
Double size Boxes	5/-
Any address in the Union of South Africa, Post Free, Small Size	5/-
Double size	8/6
Rhodesia or South West Africa, extra	1/-

All boxes are carefully packed with selected Flowers under close supervision. They are sent in the Cool Chambers of the Mail Boat, and are posted in Southhampton. A receipt for each box posted is obtained from the British Post Office, who are liable in the event of the box going astray. Satisfaction is thus assured.

#### CASH WITH ORDER ONLY

A much appreciated present. Costs next to nothing.

#### FLOWER SEEDS

#### WHEN TO ORDER

JULY and AUGUST	 	 	Order Annuals, for Summer Flowers
SEPTEMBER to NOVEMBER	 • • •	 	Order all Perennials
DECEMBER and JANUARY	 	 	Order Annuals for Autumn Flowers
FEBRUARY AND MARCH	 	 	Order Annuals for Winter Flowers
APRIL	 	 	Order Annuals for Spring Flowers
ALL EVELS			1 0

The Raising of Flowers from Seed in South Africa presents considerable difficulty to those who have not studied the problem, but is quite easy when once the few underlying principles have been grasped.

Keep Seeds Moist.—It is imperative to remember that Seeds must never be allowed to become dry, once they have been planted.

Shading is Necessary.—It is impossible in practice to keep seeds moist if they are exposed to our fierce sun. Shading is, therefore, necessary. In any case seeds germinate better in the shade.

Light is Essential.—Once the seedlings come through the ground, it is absolutely essential they should get as much light as possible, as otherwise they will become weak and stalky and will never make strong, sturdy plants. The direct rays of the sun only should, therefore, be excluded.

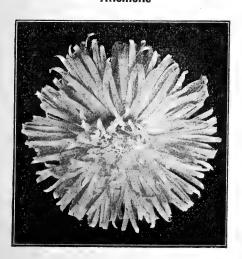
PROVIDED THE FOREGOING THREE ESSENTIALS ARE CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO SUCCESS IS ASSURED.

Beautify your Home with Flowers Grown in Your Own Garden

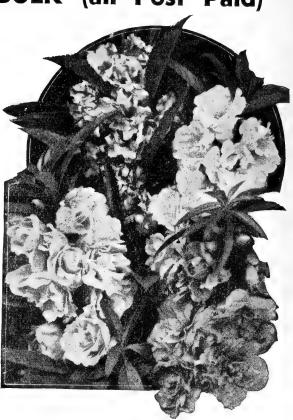
## FLOWER SEEDS IN BULK (all Post Paid)

ADONIS— Aestivalis		•••	•••	 ½ oz.	oz. 3/-
ACCROCLINIUM-	_				
Double Mixed				 1/-	3/-





Aster-Ostrich Plume

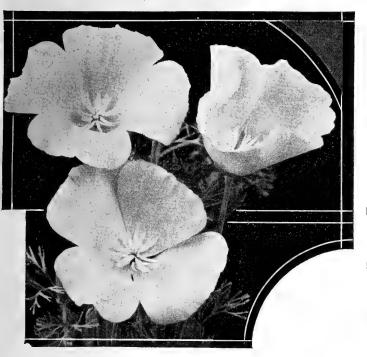


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ACEDATUM		
AGERATUM— Mexicanum Blue	1/-	3/-
ALYSSUM-	,	-,
White Sweet	9d.	2/3
	Jui	4/3
AMARANTHUS— Caudatus		
	9d.	2/3
ANEMONE-		
Caen Single Mixed	1/-	3/-
ANTIRRHINUM—	,	•
Tall Giant Mixed	1/-	9.7.
Dwarf Mixed		3/-
Semi Dwarf Mixed	2/6 1/-	
Bunch of Lilacs (Deep Lilac)	1/-	3/-
Canary Bird (Yellow)		
Copper King (Copper Scarlet)		
Old Gold (Rich Gold)	2/6	7/6
Ruby (Ruby Carmine)		
Snowflake (Pure White)		
AQUILEGIA-		
Long Spurred Hybrids Mixed		
	<b>2</b> /6	7/6
ASTERS_		
Anemone Flowered	2/-	6/-
American Beauty Mixed	2/6	7/0
American Branching	1/6	4/6
Californian Giants Mixed	3/-	9/-

TO CHEST SIN

	CANTERBURY BELLS-	doz. oz.
	Double Mixed	
	Single Mixed	9d. 2/-
	CARNATIONS-	
or sacretical transfer and tran	Double Mixed	3/- 9/-
	Giant Chabaud Mixed	4/- 12/-
	Marguerite Double Mixed	2/6 7/6
	CELOSIA-	2/3 7/6
	Magnifica	
	Imperialis Choice Mixed	
	Cynus Blue Emperor William	
	CHINESE LANTERN-	
	Physalis	3/6 10/6
	CHRYSANTHEMUM-	
	Tricolor Double Annual	
	Mixed	9d. 2/-
	CLARKIA-	
THE TAXABLE TO THE	Double Mixed	1/- 3/-
	COBAEA SCANDENS-	
	Blue	1/6 4/6
	CONVOLVULUS—	
	Japanese Mixed	9d. 2/-
	COSMOS-	
	Double Mixed	
	Single Mixed	1/- 3/-
Constitution (Constitution Constitution Cons	DAHLIA-	
7 DUMPHE TO LEAD TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO T	Single Mixed	1/- 3/-
	Double Large Mixed	4/- 12/-
	DAISY-	
	African	2/6 7/6
Carnation Giant Chabaud Mixed	Barberton 2/3 per 100 seeds.	
ACTEDS (Continued)	17/6 per 1000	
ASTERS (Continued) $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. oz.	Blue Eyed (Arctotis Grandis)	
Chrysanthemum Mixed 2/6 7/6	Double (Bellis Perennis) Shasta	
Giant Comet Mixed 1/6 4/6	Yellow Dimorphoteca	
Giant Victoria Mixed 1/9 5/3	DELPHINIUM-	0, 1
Ostrich Plume 3/- 9/-	Blue Bella Donna	3/6 12/6
Paeony Flowered 1/6 4/6 Oueen of the Market 1/9 5/3	Blue Butterfly	
Queen of the Market 1/9 5/3 Single Chinese 1/- 3/-	Tall Mixed	2/6 7/6
Sunshine Mixed 2/6 7/6	DIANTHUS-	
BALSAM—	Double Mixed	1/- 3/-
Camelia Flowered 1/3 3/9	Plumaris Pheasants Eye	1/- 3/-
CALENDULA	DIGITALIS—	41 01
Double Mixed 9d. 2/-	Monstrosa Mixed	1/- 3/-
Double Orange 9d. 2/-	ESCHOLTZIA-	
Radio 1/= 3/-	Choice Mixed	1/- 3/-
CALLIOPSIS—	FORGET-ME-NOT-	41 01
Elegans Mixed 9d. 2/-	Blue Alpestria Pink	1/- 3/- 1/- 3/-
CANARY VINE— 1/- 3/-	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1/- 3/- 1/- 3/-
CANDYTUFT—		- / /
White Empress 9d. 2/3	FOXGLOVE— Monstrosa Mixed	1/- 3/-
Choice Mixed 9d. 2/-	•	1/- 3/-
CANNA—	FREESIA-	
Crozvs Hvbrids 9d. 2/-	Choice Mixed	2/- 6/-

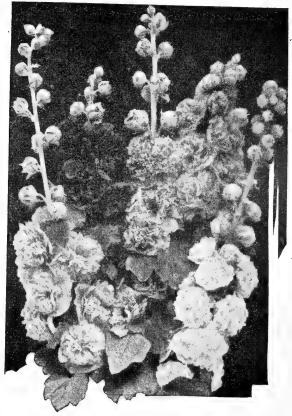


#### Echscholtzia

#### FLOWER SEEDS IN BULK—(Continued)

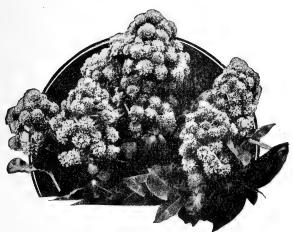
GAILLARDIA		4 OZ.	oz.
Lorenziana Double Mixed Picta Mixed	•••	1/- 9d.	3/- 2/-
GEUM— Mrs. Bradshaw		2/6	7/6
Scarlet Double Grandiflora GLADIOLUS—		2/6	7/6
GODETIA-			
Finest Mixed		1/-	3/-
GRANADILLA— Passion Vine			2/6
GYPSOPHILA-			
Elegans White Rosea		6d. 6d.	1/3 1/3
HELIOTROPE— Mixture of Peru			
HELICHRYSUM-		, -	-,-
Double Mixed	• • •	1/3	3/6
HOLLYHOCK-			
Chaters Prize Double	• • •	4/-	12/-
New Single Mixed Annual	• • •	1/-	3/-
HUNNEMANNIA			
Bush Escholtzia		1/6	4/6
ICE PLANT			
Mesembryanthemum		2/-	b/-

KOCHIA-	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	07.
Summer Cypress	1/-	3/-
KONTO AIME		
Pueraria Thunbergiana	1/-	3/-
LARKSPUR—		
Tall Double Branching Mixed	1/-	3/-
Single Mixed	<b>9</b> d.	2/6
Giant Imperial Choice Mixed	1 /_	
Do., Bluebell (Blue)	1/-	3/-
Do., Didebell (Bide)		
Do., Carmine King		
(Deep_Carmine)		
Do., Los Angeles Improved		
(Salmon Pink)	1/3	3/9
Do., Daintiness		,
(Lavender Blue)		
Do., Peach Blossom		
(Light Pink)		
,		
LEPTOSIPHON—		
French Hybrids Mixed	1/-	3/-
LINARIA-	- /	•
Maroccana Fine Mixed	9d.	2/6
LINUM		
Blue	9d.	2/3
D - 1	_	, .
Red	<b>9</b> d.	2/3

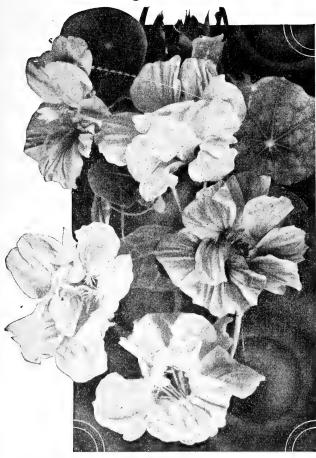


Hollyhock Chater's Mixed



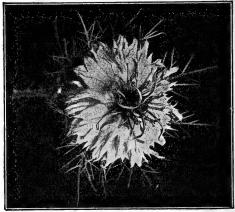


Mignonette Goliath



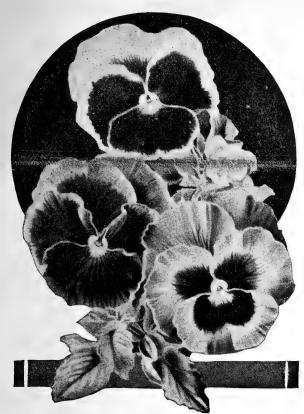
Nasturtium Double Gleam Hybrids Mixed

	doz.	oz.
LOBELIA-		
Tall Mixed	2/6	7/6
LUPINS-		
Annual Tall Large Seeded	6d.	1/3
Polyphillus Mixed	9d.	2/6
Albo Coccineus	9d.	2/6
Polyphillus Perennial Blue	9d.	2/6
Tricolor Rose Queen	9d.	2/6
Venustus Dark Blue	<b>9</b> d.	2/6 1/3
	6d.	1/3
Hartwegi Large Blue)		
Rose	6d.	1/3
Hirsutus Large Seeded  Hartwegi Large Blue  Rose  White		•
27 77	,	



Nigella

Nigelia	
MARIGOLD-	
Colarette "Crown of Gold"	
(Sweet Scented)	2/3 7/6
Double African	9d. 2/6
Double French	9d. 2/6
Legion of Honour	9d. 2/6
negion of Honout	<b>5</b> u. <b>2</b> / <b>5</b>
MIGNONETTE-	
Giant Pyramidal	1/- 3/-
Goliath	1/- 3/-
Machet	9d. 2/6
Grandiflora	
MINA LOBATA	2/- 6/-
MORNING GLORY—	
Japanese Mixed	9d. 2/-
vapanese miaeu	qu. =/
NASTURTIUM-	
Dwarf Mixed	6d. 1/3
Madame Gunter	6d. 1/3
Tall Mixed	6d. 1/3
Golden Gleam Double	·, ·
Gleam Hybrids Double	9d. 1/6
Scarlet Gleam Double	Jui 1/0
Scalled Gleam Double	
NEMOPHILA—	
NEMOPHILA— Mixed	93 1/0



Pansy-Giant Mixed



Petunia-Large Flowering Mixed

1 OZ.	OZ.
4	
9d.	1/9
	-,-
3/-	9/-
2/6	8/-
5/-	15/-
3/6	
- / -	, -
3/6	12/6
0,0	, 0
3/6	12/6
0/0	12/0
1/0	A /-
0/	
2/-	6/-
0./	40/
3/=	
1/-	3/-
1/-	3/-
1/-	3/-
·	•
1/3	3/9
2/3	7/8
	3/- 2/6 5/- 3/6 3/6 3/6 3/6 1/6 2/- 3/- 1/- 1/- 1/- 1/3 2/3

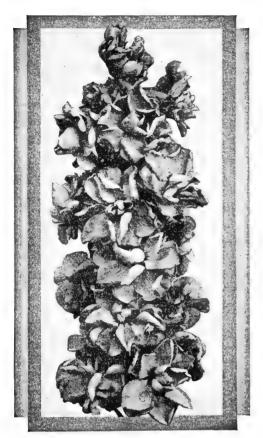


Scabious-Tall Double Mixed

PYRETHRUM-			
Golden Feather	• • •	1/-	3/-
RANUNCULUS-			
Asiaticus Mixed		1/-	3/-
SALPIGLOSSIS-			
Choice Mixed	• • •	2/-	6/8
SALVIA-			
Patens Blue	• • •	5/-	15/-
Farinacea Sky Blue		3/6	12/6
Splendens Red	• • •	3/-	10/-
Mixed	•••	3/6	12/6
SCABIOUS—			
Tall Double Mixed	• • •	1/-	3/-

#### FORD & Company

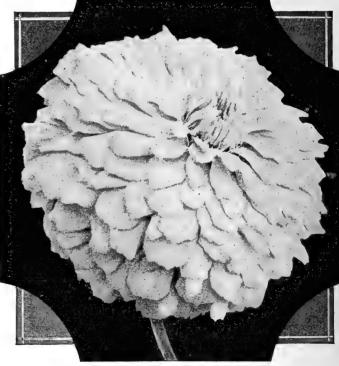
FLOWER SEEDS—(Continued)







Giant Mixed ... ... 9d.



Zinnia, Giant Double

2/6

#### A. FORD & Company



#### ZINNIA ROBUSTA

			$\frac{1}{4}$ OZ.	oz.
VERBENA-				
Mammoth Mixed	•••	•••	3/-	9/-
VIOLET-				
4 Seasons Blue		•••	6/-	18/-
WALLFLOWER-				
Tall Double Mixed		• • •	2/6	7/6
Single Mixed			1/-	3/-
WISTARIA-				
Extra Selected	• • •		2/-	6/-
ZINNIA				
Curled and Crested			1/-	3/-
Dahlia Flowered			1/9	5/-
Giant Double Mixed			1/6	4/6
Robusta			1/6	4/6

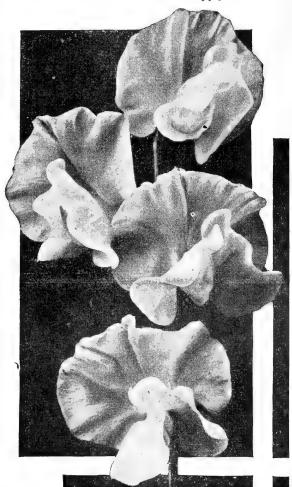
#### SWEET PEAS

It is not yet widely known that there are two distinct classes of sweet peas, one, the ordinary summer flowering variety, the other the early flowering or winter sweet pea. This latter variety should be sown in February or March, and will begin to bloom in May and June and continue to flower throughout the

winter. It grows and flowers well in almost any district in South Africa.

#### CULTIVATION

Dig trenches 2 feet deep by 3 feet wide and work in plenty of cow manure, adding a good dressing of bone meal. The top six inches of soil should be without any manure whatsoever. Sow the seed about one inch deep and six inches apart, and water thoroughly. When the plants are 12 to 15 inches high cut back to 9 inches in order to stimulate the laterals, and thin out to one foot apart. Train and tie up to wire netting, and keep all side shoots cut off. Apply liquid manure as soon as the blooms appear, and continue using weekly throughout the season. Sweet Peas, to be grown successfully must have an unlimited supply of water.



SWEET PEAS (Continued)

### **Summer Flowering**

NEW NOVELTIES. Prices are Post Paid.

Variety Ruffled Orchid Fire Orange Flame	• • •	•••	• • •	Colour Lavender Rose Fiery Cerise Red Deepest Orange	} per	packet	per oz.
				Novelties			
Miss California Novelty Mixture		•••		Salmon Pink  Blended from all the most recent introductions and novelties. A well-balanced combination of colours		6d.	2/6

#### WAVED SPENCER OR SUMMER FLOWERING

Variety	Colour	non madrat	non 07
_	Orange-Salmon	per packet	per oz.
Fordhook Orange	Salmon, Suffused Orange		
Crimson King	Rich Deep Crimson	}	
Giant White			
Hawlmark Lavender	Purest Lavender	6d.	2/-
Hawlmark Pink	Richest and Brightest Pink		
King Mauve			
Mammoth			
Welcome		;	

### GIANT EARLY OR WINTER FLOWERING

W	Н	1	T	E	&	C	R	E	A	М	
***	7 .	1			7.7						

White Harmony.

The Standard blackseeded variety pure white with exquisite large splendidly formed blooms. Of unusually strong growth, a quite free blooming.

Snowstorm. Canary Bird.

Pure White Wax. Deep Cream; white seeded.

DEEP PINK.

Charm.

Glowing rich pink with salmon sheen.

Giant Rose.

Clear deep pink; very large.

Pink Profusion.

Rich rose-pink on white.

Zovlanek's Rose.

SALMON.

Mrs. Kerr.

A fine deep pink.

Beautiful salmon. A favourite with everyone. Well waved large hlooms

Burpees Salmon.

Rich Salmon overlaid with a coppery Sheen: uniform throughout. A most beautiful Sweet Pea.

SALMON PINK. Flamingo.

A glorious flower of large size and lovely form. The standard is bright rich salmon-pink suffused with light orange; wings are rich orange-pink blending into a general salmonpink effect.

ORANGE.

Burpee Orange.

A clear pure orange self.

ORANGE SCARLET.

Glitters.

A magnificent flower with a remarkable glowing colour. The standard is fiery orange-scarlet.

Vulcan.

Scarlet-cerise shaded brilliant orange.

#### Beautify your Home with Flowers Grown in Your Own Garden

#### SWEET PEAS (Continued)

SCARLET CERISE.

Sunray.

Bright cerise with salmon sheen; cream

ground.

CRIMSON.

Early King.

Bright crimson. Α colour that always attracts attention.

LAVENDER.

Harmony.

Beautiful clear Lavender.

Princess.

Soft Lavender, suffused mauve.

Lavender King.

Rich deep lavender.

CREAM PINK.

Yarrawa.

Rose-pink tones with creamy base.

Sunburst Improved.

Cream Pink suffused bright pink shaded amber at edges. Charming.

Peachblow.

An exquisite new ruffled Sweet Pea, clear rose-pink on cream, overlaid with an amber sheen. Flowers are large, well formed and frilled.

SALMON-CERISE.

Gleam.

Showy bright salmoncerise with a suffusion of rich cherry-pink. A lovely new shade.

Cheerful.

Rich salmon-cerise with a suffusion of delicate orange. Wonderful appealing colour.

ROSE.

Chevalier.

Pure rose with just a faint and elusive touch of lemon that is irresistibly levely. In form, habit and colour, we consider Chevalier the best Sweet Pea of true rose shade.

ROSE PINK. Giant Pink.

A lovely shade of pink, blending with a pure soft rose into a marvellous clear rosepink. Truly a magnifi-cent, extra long-stemmed variety.

BICOLOUR.

Christmas Triumph.

Bright pink standard with white wings and a cream keel.

BLUE.

Blue Bird.

Eleanor Blue.

Rich pure Blue.

Clear Rich Blue.

Felice Gunther.

This is a very beautiful clear, true Cambridge-blue, remarkable for its purity of colour.

#### ALL ABOYE 9d. PACKET; 3/- Oz. POST PAID.

#### MIXTURES

per packet per oz. Ford's Winter Flowering Mixed Colours ... 6d. 2/-Waved Standard Varieties Mixed ... ... Good Ordinary Mixture ... ... 6d. 1/9 Eckford Varieties ... ... ... ... ...

#### ALL SWEET PEA PRICES POST PAID.

Our INOCULATOR for Field, Garden and Sweet Peas, 3/6 per tin Post Paid.

#### Pays to Grow New, Clean, Reliable Seed

## A Handy Chart for Gardeners

#### DWARF ANNUALS.

Ageratum Alyssum Antirrhinum (Dwarf) Asters (Dwarf) Balsams (Dwarf) Calendula Calliopsis Candytuft Carnation

Cockscomb Cornflower Chrysanthemum Dahlia Dianthus Eschscholtzia Gaillardia

Godetia Hunnemannia Linum Lobelia Marigold (Dwarf) Mignonette Nasturtium (Dwarf) Nemesia Pansy Petunia

Phlox Poppy Portulaca Ranunculus Salvia Schizanthus Stocks Sweet Sultan Verbena Zinnia (Dwarf)

TALL ANNUALS.

Amaranthus Antirrhinum (Tall) Arctotis Asters (Tall) Calliopsis

Cosmos Dimorphotheca Larkspur Leptosyne Lupins

Marigold (Tall) Marguerite Nicotiana Poppy Salpiglossis

Salvia Scabiosa Sunflower Statice Zinnia (Tall)

Anemone Heliotrope Dianthus

Myosotis

Pinks Sweet William Verbena

Violet Wallflower

TALL PERENNIALS.

DWARF PERENNIALS.

Aquilegia Campanula Canna

Forget-me-not

Chrysanthemum Delphinium Digitalis

Geum Hollyhock Lupins

Penstemon Pyrethrum

PLANTS FOR EDGINGS.

Ageratum Alvssum Bellis (Daisy) Candytuft Celosia

Golden Feather Lobelia Marigold (Dwarf Vars) Mignonette

Nasturtium (Dwarf)  $\mathbf{Pansy}$ Petunia Phlox (Dwarf)

Portulaca Verbena Viola Zinnia (Dwarf)

EVERLASTINGS.

Chinese Lantern Plant

Gomphrena

Ornamental Grasses

Statice

CLIMBERS.

Canary Creeper Coboea Scandens Convolvulus Granadilla

Kudzu Vine Mina Lobata Morning Glories

Nasturtium (Tall) Sweet Peas Scarlet Runners

GREENHOUSE PLANTS.

Cineraria

Cyclamen

Primula

LONG STEMMED FLOWERS. (Suitable for Cutting)

Anemone Antirrhinum Aquilegia Arctotis Asters Calendula Calliopsis Campanula Candytuft Carnations Chrysanthemum Clarkia

Cornflower Cosmos Dahlia Delphinium Dianthus Gaillardia Geum Gladiolus Godetia Gypsophila Hunnemannia Larkspur

Leptosyne Linaria Lupins Marguerite Marigold Mignonette Nigella Penstemon Phlox Poppy Pyrethrum

Ranunculus

Salpiglossis Salvia Shasta Daisy Statice Stocks Sunflower Sweet Peas Sweet Sultan Sweet William

Violet Zinnia

When Better Seeds are Sold FORD'S will Sell Them

## PACKET SEEDS, VEGETABLE AND FLOWER 4/6 Dozen; 6d. Packet, Post Free

WHOLESALE: 30/- per gross (12 dozen), F.O.R. Johannesburg.

OF FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS

YOUR OWN SELECTION

25 PACKETS FOR ... 8/6
50 PACKETS FOR ... 16/-

Nett cash with Order, Post Free, to any part of the Union, P.E.A. and S.W.A.

#### TREE SEEDS

Generally speaking, we find it best to sow most tree seeds in March and April for transplanting early in the Spring. But where it is known that the seed will not hold its germinating power long, the seeds should be sown immediately on arrival. Sow in half paraffin tins, cut flat, or in flat boxes, covering the seed with a depth of soil in proportion to the size of the seed. Then cover with light litter until the seed has germinated. The litter must be removed immediately the seed is up, so that you will need to watch carefully for this point. If left on after germination the seedlings will be weak and long. Seed may take any length of time from ten days (as in Gums) to six months to germinate.

Prices All Varieties not stated on Application.

								per oz.	per lb.
Acacia Baileyana (Bailey's Wattle)		 	• • •	• • •		• • •		9d.	6/-
Acacia Cyclopsis (Rooikrans)		 						6d.	2/-
Acacia Dealbata (Silver Wattle)		 						6d.	1/3
Acacia Decurrens (Green Wattle)		 						6d.	2/-
Acacia Longifolia (Longifolia Wattle)		 						6d.	4/-
Acacia Melanoxylon (Black Wood)		 						6d.	3/-
Acacia Mollissima (Black Wattle)		 						6d.	1/-
Acacia Pycnantha (Golden Wattle)		 						6ď.	2/-
Acacia Saligna (Saligna Wattle)		 						6d.	2/-
Cedrus Deodara (Deodar Cedar)		 						1/-	12/-
Cupressus Lusitanica (Portuguese Cypress	s)	 						1/-	8/-
Cupressus Macrocarpa (Cypress)		 						1/6	17/6
Cupressus Sempervirens (Pyramidalis)		 						17-	12/-
Dodonea Viscosa (Dodonea)		 						1/6	17/6
Eucalyptus Globulus (Blue Gum)		 						)	, -
Eucalyptus Maculata (Spotted Gum)		 							
Eucalyptus Melliodora (Yellow Box)		 							
Eucalyptus Paniculata (Grey Iron Bark)		 							
Eucalyptus Robusta (Swamp Mahogany)		 						1/6	17/6
Eucalyptus Rostrata (Red Gum)		 						,	/ -
Eucalyptus Saligna (Weeping Gum)		 							
Eucalyptus Sideroxylon (The Red Ironbark		 						į	
Eucalyptus Viminalis (Willow Gum)		 							
Granadilla (Passiflora Edulis)		 				. 6/4		2/6	30/-
Paw Paw		 						2/-	25/-
Pinus Halepensis (Jerusalem Pine)		 				•••	• • • •	6d.	4/-
Pinus Insignis (Insignis Pine)		 		• • •		***		1/6	17/6
Pinus Longifolia (Chir Pine)				• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1/6	17/6
Pinus Pinaster (Cluster Pine)		• • •		***	* * *	• • •	* * *	6d.	6/-
Pinus Pinea (Stone or mbrella Pine)		 • • •	• • •		* * *	• • •	* * *	6d.	6/-
Land Land (Notice of Misself Line)		 * * *		* * *				oui	0/~

All the Seeds of Acacias have a very hard outer covering. To facilitate and hasten germination, place the seed in a bowl or basin, covering with boiling water, and allow to stand for 24 hours, then plant immediately.

#### BIRD SEED

ALL KINDS STOCKED.

## DISINFECTANTS and INSECTICIDES

Plus Postage or Railage.

Arsenate of Lead 1 lb., 2/6; 4 ll	bs				• • •											7/-
Arsenate of Lead, 20 lb. tin.																25/-
Bordeaux Mixture 11b., 2/-; 4 II	bs									,						5/-
Katakilla To make 10 gallons.	• • • •	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2/6 2/-
Lime and Sulphur, per pint .													* * *	* * *	• • •	,
Lime and Sulphur, per 5 gallon	drui	$\mathbf{m}\mathbf{s}$				1		,								20/-
Harbas, per pint																3/-
Harbas, per gallon drum																12/6
Harbas, per 5 gallon drum																40/-
Nitrate of Soda, $2\frac{1}{2}$ lbs																1/6
Nicotine Dust, per lb																2/9
Powdered Sulphur, per lb.		• •	* • 3			• • • •			• • • •			• • • •				6d.
Tohage Extract per pint		• •	• • •			• • •	• • •		• • •		• • •	• • •	*(* *	• • •	• • •	6/-
Tobacco Extract, per pint			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	,
Tobacco Extract, per gallon .									• • •							35/-
Tobacco Extract, per 5 gallons.										• • •	• • •		***	• • •		130/-

#### "PER CENT" SOLUTIONS

1	per	cent.	equals	 	1 part to	100	10	per cent.	equals	 	1 part to	10
11	per	cent.	equals	 	1 part to	80	20	per cent.	equals	 	1 part to	5
2	per	cent.	equals	 	1 part to	50	40	per cent.	equals	 	1 part to	$2\frac{1}{2}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$	per	cent.	equals	 	1 part to	40	50	per cent.	equals	 	1 part to	$\tilde{2}$
5	per	cent.	equals	 	1 part to	20	80	per cent.	equals	 	1 part to	11

### GRAIN BAGS

Sugar Pockets, Clean. Wool Packs. Hessian Pockets.

KEEN PRICES QUOTED ON APPLICATION.

Beautify your Home with Flowers Grown in Your Own Garden

## MARKET AGENCY DEPARTMENT

## Farmers!

Send your Produce to us and obtain HIGHEST MARKET PRICES

Consign as follows:

A. FORD and CO., Morning Market, Newtown

Prompt Attention

Prompt Settlements

" A Square Deal "

PLEASE ADVISE US OF DESPATCH (This facilitates matters)

LABELS SUPPLIED FREE ON APPLICATION Commission Charged, 5 per cent.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND GRAIN BAGS AT MARKET PRICES

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29/31 Goch Street, Newtown **JOHANNESBURG** 

Wires: "AFFORD" Box 5701 ... Phone 33-3526

N.B. - Send us copy of Consignment Note without delay PLEASE.

**FOR** . . .

## ENGLISH INDEX

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**FOR** . . .

## AFRIKAANS INDEX

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'Phone 33-3526

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CONDITIONS OF SALE.—We give no guarantee express or implied (and none of our representatives is authorised to vary this condition in any way) as to description, quality or productiveness or as to any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we sell, and we are not in any way responsible for them or in respect of the crop or failure of the crop. All quotations are given and orders accepted only on the understanding that these conditions are agreed to.

A. FORD & CO.

VOORWAARDES VAN KOOP EN VERKOOP.—Ons gee geen waarborg, direk of indirek (en geen een van ons verteenwoordigers is gemagtig om die voorwaardes te verander nie) met betrekking tot deskripsie, kwaliteit of produktiwiet, of enige ander saak omtrent die saad, bolle of plante wat ons verkoop nie. Alle kwotasies word gegee en bestellings aangeneem, slegs op die voorwaarde dat met die kondisies oorgeengestem word.

A. FORD & KIE.

Quotations	subject to Market Fluctuations and goods being unsold	on receipt	A. FOR		KIE.
N.B.—A large	proportion of our Seeds, being necessarily imported, cannot be sent be sent by Goods Train, Passenger Train or Post.)	y Agricultur	al Parcels	Post.	to
Name		·····			
Address					
Post Office					
Railway St	ation or Siding				
QUANTITY	PARTICULARS	PRICE	£	s.	D.
- epol					
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Babala, 40, 44 en	Lupine, 21 en	Saad Koring 48
Beet, Vir Beeste       30         Beetspinasie       30         Beet, Tuin       13         Besigheid Informasie, 2 en       3         Blomkool, 17 en       18	Lynsaad, 21 en	Saad Rog
Blomsaad, 50 tot   60	Manna 4 Mark Agent Departement, 3 en 6	Sessame 29 Siektekieme 38 Slaai, 20 en 21
Brocoli       13         Besem Koring       45         Boomsaad       61         Burnett, Skaaps       40	Mielies, 22, 34 en       38         Mielies, Soet, 22 en       3         Millet       4         Mosterd       25         Mung Boontjies       30	Sorghums, 41 en       45         Soya Boontjies       38         Spaanspek       22         Spinasie, 29 en       30
Cichorie	Name van Groente in Uitland-	Spruitkool       14         Sout Bos       41         Soet Mielies, 22 en       31         Sudan Gras, 41 en       45
Chou Moellier	New Zealand Tall Fescue 40 Nitraat van Soda, 47 en 48	Sweedse Raap, 30 en
E	'n Saai Kalender vir Plaas	Suiker Root 13 on 98
Eier Plant	'n Saai Kalender vir Plaas Sade, 48 en	Suiker Beet, 13 en
E Eier Plant	'n Saai Kalender vir Plaas Sade, 48 en	Suiker Beet, 13 en       36         Tabak Saad       31         Tall Oat Gras       41         Tamaties       32         Tares, 33 en       39         Teff       41
Eier Plant 14 Ertjies, 9, 10, 38 en 39  F Fescue Gras 40  Gele Wortel, 16 en 36 Gars Saad 46 Graan Sakke 62 Gras Saad, 40 tot 43	'n Saai Kalender vir Plaas         Sade, 48 en	Suiker Beet, 13 en       36         Tabak Saad       31         Tall Oat Gras       41         Tamaties       32         Tares, 33 en       39         Teff       41         Timothy Gras       41         Tjiekorie       18         Tuinbeet, 13 en       36         Tuin-wenkies       15
Eier Plant 14 Ertjies, 9, 10, 38 en 39  F Fescue Gras 40  Gele Wortel, 16 en 36 Gars Saad 46 Graan Sakke 62	'n Saai Kalender vir Plaas Sade, 48 en	Suiker Beet, 13 en       36         Tabak Saad       31         Tall Oat Gras       41         Tamaties       32         Tares, 33 en       39         Teff       41         Timothy Gras       44         Tjiekorie       18         Tuinbeet, 13 en       36         Tuin-wenkies       15         Uie       24         Uitlandse name vir Groente.
E Eier Plant	'n Saai Kalender vir Plaas Sade, 48 en	Suiker Beet, 13 en       36         Tabak Saad       31         Tall Oat Gras       41         Tamaties       32         Tares, 33 en       39         Teff       41         Timothy Gras       41         Tjiekorie       18         Tuinbeet, 13 en       36         Tuin-wenkies       15         Uie       24         Uitlandse name vir Groente,       4         4 en       5         Voëlsaad       62
E Eier Plant 14 Ertjies, 9, 10, 38 en 39  F Fescue Gras 40  Gele Wortel, 16 en 36 Gars Saad 46 Graan Sakke 62 Gras Saad, 40 tot 43 Gras Perke, 40 en 43 Groen Pampoentjies, 29 en 30 Grond Boontjies, 23 en 39 Graan Saad 46  H Hawer Saad 46	'n Saai Kalender vir Plaas Sade, 48 en	Tabak Saad 31 Tall Oat Gras 41 Tamaties 32 Tares, 33 en 39 Teff 41 Timothy Gras 41 Tjiekorie 18 Tuinbeet, 13 en 36 Tuin-wenkies 15  U Uie 24 Uitlandse name vir Groente, 4 en 5 Voëlsaad 62 Vroege of Groen Pampoentijies, 29 en 30
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